

BATTLE

ance of the
AMERICAN ARMY
Fighting on the Battlefields of
FRANCE

VICTOR ROUSSEAU

CHAPTER I.

Lieutenant Mark Wallace of the Seventeenth New York regiment came to an abrupt standstill. He was alone in the jungle, upon the blazing hillside before Santiago, in the month of June, 1898.

Through the branches of the trees the Mauser bullets still whizzed and whistled, and the prolonged screech of shells and distant shouting indicated that the battle, which had raged all day, had not yet reached its end. But within the short radius of Wallace's vision, nothing stirred, not even the palm-tree boughs that rustled with the least breeze like the sound of the sea.

Wallace had only the most confused and incoherent knowledge of what was happening on that historic day. There had been an advance in the cool of the morning, if a brief respite from the oppressive heat could be called coolness in contrast. Then came the deployment along the base of the hills as the first shells began to fall, the advance in open order, in which the nicely incalculated teachings of the parade ground fell to pieces, the jumble of men, of companies, and, later, of regiments, pressing forward past the dead and stricken, the shouts, the rattle of machine guns and rifles. Batteries came galloping where they had no theoretical business to be, upsetting the junior officers' desperate attempts to preserve alignment; Red Cross men invaded the battle line to succor the wounded; commissariat mules, shying off the lethargy which no amount of belaboring had ever overcome, ran away with supplies and strewn embalmed beef over the hillside. In the midst of it all Wallace had rallied some men of his own troop and led them forward; he plunged into the patch of scrub-covered jungle, and found that he was alone.

In front of him was a small clearing, made by some Cuban squatter in the preceding year and abandoned after the reaping. It contained the ruin of a palm shack, and the furrows scraped by a primitive plow were only just discernible amid the rank growth that had sprung up. The lieutenant stopped and shouted, expecting to see his men come running through the trees.

But none appeared, and it was at this moment that the bullet that had been stamped with his name, according to the soldier's superstition, found him. He felt a smart blow on the shoulder, which knocked him backward. He stumbled, fell down, sat up again and discovered that his elbow was shattered. The arm hung helplessly at his side.

He managed to bind up the wound with his hand and teeth. There was not much pain, but a sort of physical languor, which made him reel giddily when he arose. There was burning thirst, too. It was extraordinary that a little thing like that should take the grit out of a man. A little blood was running down his sleeve, but the wound seemed trivial.

Wallace leaned against the wall of the shack and waited for his men.

He shouted once or twice more, but nobody answered him, and the battle seemed to be drifting in another direction. Wallace imagined that his troop had advanced around the patch of scrub, in which case he was not likely to establish touch with them again till nightfall. He cursed his luck and started forward, but the trees began to reel around him; he clutched at the wall of the shack, missed it, and fell.

Then he realized that he was out of the fight. Yet, in spite of his intense disappointment, he knew that worse might have befallen him. He had fought through hours of the day—that was much; he was probably spared to lead his men again—and that was more. He had found and proved himself; and at twenty-one a young man, for all his self-confidence, is composed of fears and doubts as well. In spite of his soldier ancestors, Mark Wallace had not been sure that his capacity for leadership extended beyond the parade ground, and he had suffered from the young soldier's inevitable fear of fear.

So he resigned himself to his situation. He emptied his water bottle and, gripping the end of his gauze roll with his teeth, managed to banish his mind sufficiently to stop the bleeding. The languor, however, was increasing. Sometimes he would doze for a few moments, awaking with a start, to wonder where he was, and what had happened. The air was very still. The shouts had long since died away, the rifle firing was a distant crackling; the tremulous staccato tapping of the machine guns was like the roll of drums far away.

Wallace must have slept for a prolonged period, for when next he became conscious he started up to see, to his intense astonishment, a pretty little girl of three or four years, standing in front of him and looking at him. He rubbed his eyes, expecting her to disappear. But she was still there, and just as he was beginning to piece together a Spanish phrase she spoke to him in English:

"I want my daddy."

Wallace reached out and drew the child toward him. "Where is your daddy?" he asked. "And who are you?"

"I'm Eleanor," she answered, "and won't you please find my daddy for me?"

She pointed with a grimy little hand toward the interior of the shack, and



"I Want My Daddy."

Wallace, struggling to his feet with a great effort, made his way inside.

It was almost dark in the hut, and Wallace could only make out with difficulty the form of a man who lay, face downward, upon the ground near the wall. Presently, however, as his eyes became more accustomed to the obscurity, he saw the bullet wound in the back of the head.

He looked up at the child, who stood by, unconcerned. "Go away, Eleanor," he said gently.

The child, too young to know anything of death, went out of the hut and began to play in the shaft of sunlight that filtered through the branches of the palms. Wallace searched the dead man's pockets. He found nothing, however, except a military pass, signed by General Linares of the Spanish forces, authorizing the bearer to pass through the lines; and, after a moment's reflection, he decided to leave it on the body.

So this man had been the child's father, and, apart from her speech, his coloring showed that he had been an American. Wallace concluded that he had been a planter, trapped in Santiago. He raised the body in his arms and tried to turn it over, but let it fall when he saw the work that the bullet had made of the face. He must not let the little girl carry away anything of such memory as that!

He groped his way outside and beckoned to her. "What is your other name, Eleanor?" he asked.

The little girl only looked at him; it was evident that she did not understand the meaning of his question.

"Did your daddy live in Santiago?"

"My daddy has gone away. I want him," said the child, beginning to whimper.

Wallace tried her once more. "Where is your mamma?" he asked.

But she said nothing, and he sat down, propping himself against the shack. He drew the little girl down beside him.

"Now listen to me, Eleanor," he said. "Your daddy has gone away. He will be gone for a long time. You must be good and patient, and soon somebody will come to take care of you. Do you understand?"

The child's lip quivered, but she did not cry. She fixed her large gray eyes upon him.

"Who are you?" she asked, with the directness of childhood.

"My name is Mark."

"I like you, Mark. I will go with you till my daddy comes back."

"All right. Then sit down here beside me and play," muttered Wallace, wondering rather grimly what there was for her to play with.

But the grubby little fingers were soon busy in the sandy soil. Wallace watched the child, wondering who she was, and how it had happened that the father had been forced to take her

into the jungle, into the midst of the contending armies. Her clothing was almost in rags, and she must have been drenched by the rains of the preceding night. It had, certainly, been a desperate and a difficult adventure for the dead man.

The light began to fade. Wallace, half delirious now from pain and thirst, struggled to preserve his consciousness for the sake of the little girl. Sometimes he would emerge from a semi-stupor and look round for her anxiously; but he always found her, no great distance away, building sand castles out of the soft soil and chattering to herself as happily as if she had already forgotten her sorrow.

When he aroused himself finally, it was to see the flash of a torch in his eyes. Faces which he recognized were looking into his own. There was Crawford, the senior lieutenant, who had graduated from West Point the year before, and Captain Kellerman; there was his own negro servant, Johnson, with a look of alarm on his ebony face; and near by were two men from the ambulance, carrying an empty stretcher.

Wallace moaned for water and the sense of the liquid in his throat, warm though it was, brought back consciousness with a rush.

"Well, we've got you," said Crawford cheerfully. "How are you feeling, old man?"

"Fine. Have we got Santiago?"

"Well, not exactly, but nearly. We've carried all the trenches, and we're waiting to get our big guns up. Arm hurrying you?"

"No," said Wallace, stifling a groan. "Say, Crawford, I suppose I was delirious, but I thought there was a kid here."

As he spoke he caught sight of Major Howard emerging from the shack, with the little girl in his arms, fast asleep. The major came up to him.

"How are you feeling, Wallace?" he asked. "Good! I didn't know you were a family man, though, till I saw this kid sleeping in your arms."

"You've been inside?" inquired the lieutenant, looking toward the shack. The major's face grew very serious. He nodded.

"Her father," said Wallace. "Come, get in with you," answered Major Howard, curtly, indicating the ambulance. Mark, supported by the orderlies, who had placed the stretcher upon the ground, crawled in and lay down. He stretched out his arm toward the child. It was an unconscious action, but Major Howard noted it and, detaching the small arms from about his neck, he placed the little girl in the stretcher. The little head drooped upon the lieutenant's arm. As the ambulance men picked up their burden two soldiers came out of the hut, carrying something in a blanket. They carried it to the center of the clearing and set it down beside a hole which had already been dug.

"He carried a pass signed by Linares," said Wallace to the major. Major Howard's eyes contracted into narrow slits. He nodded. "I have it," he answered.

"I wonder who he was?" said Wallace.

"We'll decide what to do with the kid after we get her back to camp," said the major curtly. It seemed to Wallace that he was unwilling to speculate upon the identity of the dead man. "Lie still, and don't muddle your brains with thinking, my boy," he added. "We'll have you at the base hospital in next to no time."

"How many men have we lost?"

"Can't tell you. Quite a few, I'm afraid. Soames is gone. Crawford and Murray and I found ourselves bunched together at the top of the hill, leading a mixed company of Texas Rangers and Pennsylvania Dutch. We'll get them sorted out and sent home with labels as soon as we can. Move on, boys!"

The jolting stretcher proceeded out of the scrub and down the hill. Here, in the open, everything was almost as silent as in the bush, after the day's battle. Under the light of the rising moon could be seen parties of men moving over the hillside, stragglers seeking their regiments, or fatigue parties detailed upon the necessary night work that follows a day of death. The moon shone down on huddled forms scattered for the most part in little clusters, where shells or machine-gun fire had caught them.

It seemed an infinitely long journey, and every movement of the stretcher was almost unbearable. Wallace shut his lips tight. He looked at the child beside him. She moved in her sleep, feeling for his neck with the little grubby hands. Her cheek snuggled into the hollow of his arm. The lieutenant was curiously touched by this unconscious confidence.

He issued from his ordeal of pain at last, when the bearers halted in front of the line of tents that served for a field hospital. Stretchers by the dozen were piled about the ground, and more were arriving constantly. Wounded men, guided by the sound, came limping in on the last lap of their painful journeys. Others, who had arrived but had not yet been attended to, sat or lay in front of the tents. Orderlies were scurrying to and fro. Major Howard caught one of the regimental surgeons, who looked Mark over quickly and then picked the child out of the stretcher.

"Hello! Who's this?" he asked.

"Friend of his," said the major, indicating Mark.

"She doesn't look like a Cuban young lady," said the doctor, as he cut away the sleeve of the tunic.

"Her father's dead. Hit by a shell on his way from Santiago. I think he was an American," said Mark.

"Give her to me. I never had one,"

said the doctor, suddenly injecting a hypodermic into Mark's arm.

"Not after that," said Mark, wincing. "Besides, I'm thinking of adopting her myself."

And he wondered what had made him say that when the thought had hardly reached his own consciousness.

"See here, young man! Let me look at that arm of yours before you talk that way. Hum! You'll be running round in a couple of weeks, as well as ever."

"Thank heaven for that!" ejaculated Mark fervently. "Then I'll be in at the death."

"I doubt it. I won't pass you for duty for six months to come," said the doctor, grinning. Then, seeing Mark's dejected look, he added, more seriously:

"You may think the modern high-power bullet that you are going to keep your arm, my boy. It's drilled a nice little pencil-hole clean through the joint, instead of shattering it, and that's got to be filled in with new growth. Even I can't grow bones in a week. I wish I could. Ten years ago your arm would have had to come off. There's nothing more I can do for you, my son," he added, as he smeared some sticky stuff over the wound and began adjusting a bandage, "except tie you up and put you in the hospital to-night, and send you down to the base in the morning."

"The devil you will! I guess I'm well enough to stay on the job as I am."

"Here, I haven't any more time to waste on you," said the doctor. "Pounce will make you a sling and you'll go into that tent and stay there, or I'll cashier you. You won't be feeling so spry tomorrow morning. Get out!"

He strode away, leaving Mark looking into the grinning black face of Johnson.

After the sling had been adjusted he discovered that the sense of well-being, due to the hypodermic, was already beginning to leave him. His servant helped him into the tent and Major Howard brought in the little girl, who at once curled herself up to sleep at Wallace's side.

"What are you going to do about her?" inquired the major, standing beside the camp bed and looking down at Wallace uneasily.

"Boil some canned corn and see if it will dissolve the cellulose out of an army biscuit."

"It shall be done. I guess that'll stay her till morning. But seriously, Wallace?"

"I suppose I'll have to assume the responsibility for her. I'll take her down to the base with me tomorrow and ship her home to my people in charge of one of the stewardesses on some liner."

"I've got a better scheme," said the major. "Let me have her, Wallace. My wife will go crazy over her. You know she's always talking of adopting a little girl. She's got her ideal type in mind, and that's it. I was to look round for one like that if ever the chance came along."

"Well, you'd better go on looking round, Major," said Wallace, irritably.

"See here, my boy, you don't really want that kid, do you?"

"I do. I'll think over your proposition, Major, of course, but my sister would give her a home and—"

"Let me send her to my wife. You can claim her after the war, if you want to. Suppose you got killed; we'd neither of us have her. If you don't let me take her I'll make you pay for it."

"How?"

"I'll order her a bath, under the sanitary code. And you'll have to give it. And scraped beef—our beef!"

"Get out, Major, and give me a chance to yell when my wound hurts. Listen! I tell you what I'm ready to do. I'll let the regiment adopt her, with myself as godfather."

CHAPTER II.

He stopped, astonished at the way the Major took his suggestion. Howard began to stutter, paced the inside of the tent for some moments, muttering to himself, and then swung round upon his heel, facing the lieutenant.

"Good God, no, Wallace! Whatever put that infernal idea into your head?" he exploded. "See here, now! You're not well enough to talk this thing over tonight. Some day I'll tell you why your proposal is impossible."

"That's all very well, Major. I don't know what you mean, but if you don't like my proposition you know what you can do. I'm quite well enough to listen to what's worrying you. Dig it out!"

"I haven't time, Wallace. There's these stragglers to be sorted out. Not that much can be done tonight, I suppose. Sometime I'll tell you."

He swung round on his heel and made for the entrance, stopped and returned.

"I suppose I'd better tell you now," he exclaimed. "I had thought it might be as well not to tell you ever. You don't happen to know who this child's father was—that man in the tent?"

"What do you mean, Major? Some settler caught by a bullet, I suppose."

"Hampton!" said Major Howard, grimly.

Lieutenant Wallace sat bolt upright on the bed and stared at the other in amazement.

"The man who sold our mobilization plans to Spain?" he whispered, conscious of a sudden terror for the child.

The major nodded. "It's years since we worked together in the war office," he answered, "and, frankly, I didn't know the face. You wouldn't have, would you, after the work that the bullet had done? One of those

dam-dam-dams. But—you didn't see this, did you?"

He took a purse from his pocket, opened it and shook out three gold pieces into his hand. "That was on a belt snap of the body," he said. "And



Stared at the Other in Amazement.

there were some papers—got the ones we wanted, but enough to identify him. It was Hampton all right."

He went to the tent door and looked out. "Here, Johnson!" he called.

The negro servant appeared almost instantaneously within the opening and stood to attention.

"Could you use three gold pieces, Johnson?" inquired Major Howard.

"Well, suh, I don't know as I'd object," replied the negro, grinning.

"It's part of a sum that was paid to an American soldier for betraying his country."

"Oh, Lord, no, Major!" answered Johnson.

"Then do what you think best with these."

The negro looked at the gold coins in his hand, stepped outside the tent and swung his arm. The pieces fell in the jungle grass far beyond the encampment. Major Howard shied the purse after them and went back to where Wallace still sat upright on the bed. He noticed, with a certain grimness of spirit, that one of the lieutenant's hands rested on the child's fair hair.

"Well, Wallace?" he asked.

"It's damnable."

"We can't exactly make his child the regimental pet, can we?"

Wallace was silent, and the Major sat down on the edge of the bed beside him.

"I had orders to watch for him," he said. "He was to have been hanged as soon as we captured Santiago. That's why he was making for the jungle. He was detected and allowed to escape with his life, but he had been working as a Spanish agent since he was drummed out of America. His career ended at the luckiest moment for him. He seems to have had the one redeeming quality of affection for the child, though if he had had a particle of unselfishness in him he would have left her behind him. I suppose she was the only thing he had in his wretched life."

"Of course there's no palliation," suggested Wallace. "But the man may have been born good and—gone downhill."

"He was born rotten," answered the Major. "He sold his country to pay his gambling debts. Cuba was about the only place that would hold him, I imagine. And to think that swine was once in our regiment! Sorry I had to tell you, Wallace!"

He hesitated a while; Wallace had not moved; but the child at his side stirred and breathed heavily. The major's fists clenched.

"I'm trying to be just to the dead," he said. "But I feel that a thousand years of hell wouldn't atone for that crime, Wallace."

Mark Wallace looked up. "I'm not sure that I know all the facts about the case, Major," he said.

"The facts are that it was no sudden act of fear or temptation, but calculated, cold-blooded deliberation. We knew at the war office that there was a leakage. It had been traced to the mobilization division, where Kellerman and I were working. Even we were under suspicion for a time. Then it narrowed down to Hampton and another."

"Wallace, those months were the worst time I've ever spent. Hampton was my best friend, and Kellerman's, too. We spied on him—had to."

"Well, you know what happened, more or less. There was a woman gone, as there generally is—a fine-looking young woman, little more than a girl, named Hilda Morshelm. One of those French-German Alsations, Wallace. Kellerman got some hold on her, and she confessed. The case against Hampton was absolutely proven."

"There wasn't any trial. The fellow could have been shut up for a good many years; he had cost his country millions; he ought to have been hanged. But he was quietly cashiered and allowed to disappear. Maybe it was a foolish move, but we felt the shame pretty badly and wanted to forget it. Hampton was let go, on the understanding that he leave the coun-

about her school and her friends. She was very happy there and would regret not going back at the end of the holidays. However, Major and Mrs. Howard had only placed her there for a few months while they went on a visit to the West.

"I always felt that you are really my guardian eye. If you did give me up to Major Howard, said Eleanor."

"But I have only lent you," said Mark. "I couldn't very well take care of you when I was sent to Texas. And it has always been understood that you belong to me—I mean, that I am your guardian, Eleanor."

"I know," she said. "And you write me such splendid letters, with such good advice in them."

"Which you don't follow."

"Indeed I do," said the girl, eagerly. "Only sometimes it is just a little out of date, Uncle Mark."

"In what particular?" inquired Mark, beginning to feel a little like a prig in the presence of this self-possessed young person. It is so easy to assume the task of adviser from a distance, but difficult to retain the role face to face.

"Well, when you wrote me last year to remember not to be pert and forward, like modern children, Uncle Mark. Pertness comes at seven or eight. One isn't pert at twelve—at least, not in the way you meant. They call it ill-bred, then."

"I suppose I didn't realize how big you were getting," said Mark penitently. "But you can't think how glad I am to see you, anyway."

"It's a shame sticking you for years out in that horrible desert," said the girl. "I wish, Uncle Mark, you hadn't stayed in the army after the war."

"Why, my dear?"

"Because then you could have gone into business in New York, like Captain Murray and Captain Crawford."

"I've been thinking about as much myself, Eleanor. But I guess the army got hold of me."

"But they haven't treated you right, Uncle Mark. They haven't promoted you for years, and they have jumped all sorts of officers over your head. Major Howard was saying so only before he left for Alaska. But, of course, he's out of favor, and he wouldn't have any influence, anyway. It's years since he was in the army."

"I suppose I'm a back number, my dear. Some of us have to be. Perhaps I'll get my chance. I'm not thirty yet, you know, and thirty isn't considered awfully old in the army. At least, it isn't the retiring age."

"Don't be so absurd, Uncle Mark! You don't look an old man at all. It was just that your photograph was taken so long ago, and I didn't reflect that you must have changed."

"And if ever another war comes I'm sure my experience will count for a lot. And I'll probably have command over Captain Murray and Captain Crawford if ever the National Guard is called on for serious work. And then you'll have your function as our mascot, you know."

He was surprised at the girl's sudden responsiveness to his words. She grew very serious.

"I've often thought about that, Uncle Mark," she answered.

"But, of course, it may never happen."

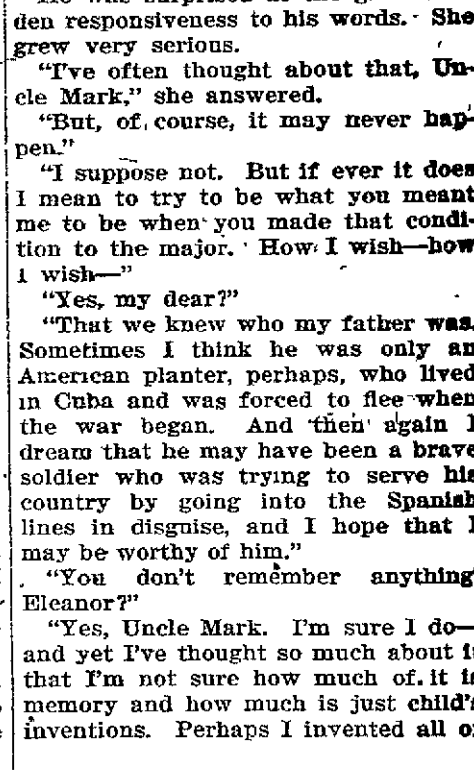
"I suppose not. But if ever it does I mean to try to be what you meant me to be when you made that condition to the major. How I wish—how I wish—"

"Yes, my dear?"

"That we knew who my father was. Sometimes I think he was only an American planter, perhaps, who lived in Cuba and was forced to flee when the war began. And then again I dream that he may have been a brave soldier who was trying to serve his country by going into the Spanish lines in disguise, and I hope that I may be worthy of him."

"You don't remember anything, Eleanor?"

"Yes, Uncle Mark. I'm sure I do—and yet I've thought so much about it that I'm not sure how much of it is memory and how much is just child's inventions. Perhaps I invented all of



"I Know That She Was My Mother."

it, and made myself believe I remembered it. And yet I am sure part of it is memory.

"What do you remember?" asked Mark rather tearfully.

(To Be Continued.)



Those Fall, Winter and Holiday stocks need INSURANCE PROTECTION—why not have us place the risks NOW in our strong companies?

J. ROY CESSNA

BEDFORD Route Five.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Zimmers and two children were Sunday visitors at Cessna.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Imler and children and Miss Hazel Zimmers were at Pleasantville last Sunday.

Rev. G. W. Middlesworth expects to hold communion at Messiah on Sunday, November 24.

Mrs. Joseph Fetter is ill.

Mrs. J. H. Phillips and daughter Louise were the guests of Mrs. J. E. Reighard on Thursday.

The Misses Ruth and Bessie Holderman were at New Paris on Saturday.

Sewell W. Rouzer mail carrier of Bedford accompanied by his mother Mrs. Susan Rouzer, of New Paris and his sons, Lester Carl and Sewell Junior, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. Robert Slack and three children of Pittsburgh are guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Barley.

FISHERTOWN

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Way spent Sunday with friends at Spring Meadows.

The Misses Rebecca Blackburn, Anne Blackburn and Venie Conley are spending some time in Bedford. The churches and schools have opened here. No new cases of flu are those that were sick are convalescing.

George Zeigler and family of East Freedom were calling on friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Joseph Penrose visited friends in Pleasantville last week.

Miss Minnie Bassett, Nellie Thomas, Mrs. S. B. Way and Mrs. Joseph Penrose visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Biesel near New Paris recently.

Albert Hoover has been shipping quite a lot of apples from Fishertown Station.

The Misses Minnie Bassett and Nellie Thomas who spent the month of October in Ohio have returned to this place.

Quite a number from this place attended the meeting in Bedford Monday night.

Some of the women and children of this place were patriotic enough to have a parade Monday night in this place.

SALEMVILLE

The flu epidemic being conquered the schools and churches have once more opened their doors. There were no deaths in our community.

Mrs. Mary A. Golden made sale of her personal property and has gone to Altoona where she and her daughter, Mrs. Anna Hill will reside.

Our merchant Mr. G. S. Kagarise has sold his store to his son-in-law Mr. J. C. Ritter of Woodbury. Mr. Ritter will move here in early spring. Mrs. Cleve Limbert spent several days recently with her mother Mrs. Mary A. Golden.

Miss Sue Rice who is teaching in Woodbury Twp. spent the week end with her mother.

When Luke Bowser was asked why he looked so happy he replied, "It's a girl and her name is Virgie Aldene."

Some of our young boys recently enjoyed a chicken supper. They paid very liberal for their chickens and all report they were fine but have been tickled ever since eating them.

Quite a cry of joy burst forth when the news came on Monday that the "WAR IS OVER." The schools were all closed at an early hour and people started out on parade. In the evening, our band played several selections appropriate to the occasion and then went to our sister town New Enterprise and played for them.

Mr. Paul Fetter who spent several weeks at his home has returned to Philadelphia.

D. C. Detwiler who had been suffering quite a while with rheumatism is able to be about again.

THE HOLIDAY

By HELEN M. PATTERSON.

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"Thursday is a holiday," said pretty Edith Sawyer to the three girls who occupied all the space of her small bedroom. "Do stop your knitting, Ruth, for a few minutes, and let us plan what we will do. I want to enjoy every minute of the day."

"Of course we do," echoed dark-eyed Minnie. "Some of the boys we know will be home for the holiday. Won't it be fun to have a picnic party and spend the day at the beach?"

"But that isn't anything new," objected Hazel. "I spend most every Sunday at the beach. Let us go into the country."

"But this will be different, Hazel. We will all take a lunch and picnic. Then we can dance and swim and have lots more fun than we could going out into the country, where you can only gaze at a cow and get bitten by mosquitoes. Besides, I know the boys would much rather spend this day where they can dance and have some fun. Don't you think so, Ruth?" Minnie asked of a vivacious, curly-haired girl, busily working with knitting needles.

"If you will promise not to tell," said Ruth, mischievously, "I will impart to you my plans. I made them last week."

"Well, it's like this," said Ruth. "Being tired of the city, and all such amusements, I decided to spend the day in the country, looking at the cow, that Minnie said would be there. As I don't like to spend the day alone, I invited five very congenial people to go with me, so we are going to take a lunch, start early and spend the day in the most delightful place that I know of."

There were looks of consternation and amazement on all the girls' faces. They had always considered themselves Ruth's particular friends, and now to hear they had been slighted by their favorite for more congenial company made them somewhat chagrined.

"I didn't mean to offend you girls," hastily went on Ruth, "and I'm sure you won't be when I tell you my company will be Mrs. Morgan's five children."

"Mrs. Morgan's five children! Are you crazy, Ruth Sanborn, to spend your holiday taking care of babies?" asked Minnie.

"No, not quite crazy, Minnie," answered Ruth, laughing; "but, you see, I knew Mrs. Morgan wanted very much to see her youngest brother, who is at Camp —, so I just suggested to her that she and hubby should motor to the camp and I would take the children, including baby Robert, and spend the day in the country. She was so grateful that I wondered I hadn't thought of it before."

The astonished girls watched Ruth disappear through the open door, and then, when the door was closed, voiced their sentiments.

"I don't know what ails her. She has been rather moony ever since the night she was rescued from the fire by that young man, and she doesn't even know his name or hasn't seen him since," commented Hazel.

"I guess she is dreaming of finding him some day," added Edith rather sarcastically.

Thursday dawned bright and clear, a regular July day, and eight o'clock found Ruth engaged in helping Mrs. Morgan dress the children, who were all excited at spending the day in the country with "Aunt Ruth," as they called her.

The place Ruth had chosen for the outing was all that she had described to the girls. The day passed quickly, and as soon as the long shadows began to appear the six happy picnicers, with the empty lunch basket, started for home. When they were in sight of the road Ruth was surprised to see a large automobile stop, evidently waiting for them.

The two older children hurried on ahead, and Ruth soon heard their cries of "Uncle Jack! Uncle Jack!" and saw them affectionately greeted by a large man in uniform. Her heart began to beat uncomfortably fast. Where had she seen him before? Instantly her thoughts flew back six months to a burning building and to a young man who had found her lost and groping her way in the smoke, led her carefully out and then, as soon as she was safe, disappeared. Like in a dream she heard little Mary say, "This is Uncle Jack. He came back with mamma and has come to take us home, Aunt Ruth."

"I suppose we are properly introduced," said Uncle Jack, smiling, and then, as he took Ruth's proffered hand, "My little girl of the fire!" he exclaimed.

"And you are my knight, who disappeared so quickly I didn't even thank you," said Ruth.

"I had to," replied Jack, "but if you won't object I'll promise not to hurry away again."

Ruth did not object, as her blushing face told.

A Pose.

"Jibway's favorite remark is, 'What's doing in Wall Street today?'"

"So it is," replied Mr. Twobble, in disgusted tones. "And it's nothing in the world but a silly affectation, intended to impress anyone who happens to overhear him."

"Is that really so?"

"Of course. Jibway never bought a share of stock in his life. For all Wall Street means to him, he might just as well ask, 'How's the rajah of Cawnap today?'"—Birmingham Age-Herald.



Into the Valley of the Shadow

UNDER the candles or the village church the American wounded lie in close even rows. Straight down to the door they are packed together. Outside an ambulance arrives, and deftly, quietly, the Soldiers of Cheer slip out to help the Army's litter-bearers lift out the wounded and carry them into the yard or the church or the school—wherever there is room.

The ambulance whirs off again along the shell-torn road, and still these messengers of friendliness pass in and out among the soldiers—holding cups of steaming chocolate to their lips, giving them lighted cigarettes, shifting their positions.

From one corner a boy's voice calls out:

"I got it pretty bad. Will you send home a message for me?"

A friendly face bends over him. He whispers his mother's name and her address. He asks that she be told where he was struck and how.

"Is there anything else?" asks the man above him. He hesitates a moment. Then, so softly that the older man can barely hear, he murmurs a girl's name, and dies.

To be there when a wounded soldier needs them, is a privilege which comes to your representatives in the seven war work organizations. After every push, when the field hospitals are full to overflowing, there are calls for every available worker in the area.

They come from miles around, after their day's work is over at their own huts and canteens. And then through all the night they help the wounded fight their battles.

The grief of many a mother or a wife or sister here at home has been made easier by the letters which these men have written there beside the stretchers.

Keep the Soldiers of Cheer on the job—the 7,000 who are there already and the 1,000 a month for whom Pershing calls.

Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is for a sum 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the war began. The Government has fixed this sum at \$170,500,000.

By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six additional campaigns is saved.

Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their

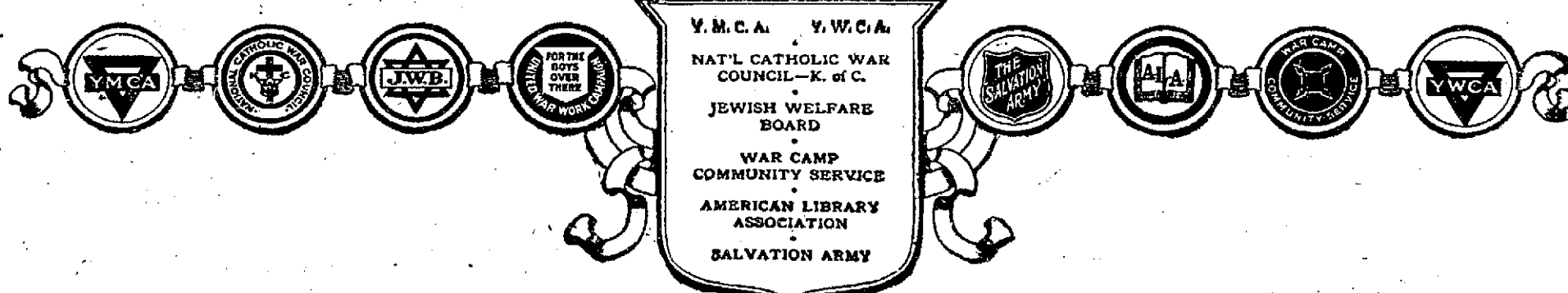
3600 Recreation Buildings
1000 Miles of Movie Film
100 Leading Stage Stars
2000 Athletic Directors
2500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
85 Hostess Houses
15,000 Big-brother "secretaries"
Millions of dollars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs.

Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



Advertise in the Gazette

Bedford Gazette

EDITOR E. P. BARKMAN
Editor and Publisher
D. W. SNYDER,
Associate Editor
and
Circulation Manager

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$1.50, payable in advance. Card of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

Friday Morning, November 15, 1918

Entered at the Post Office at Bedford, Pa., as second class matter.

KEEP THE GOOD WORK GOING.
THE UNITED WAR WORK DRIVE
MUST GO ON.

The United War Drive must go on without any let up or abatement. The soldiers must be looked after more than ever now and for the next year until very boy is safe home. They must have good reading material, amusements, splendid social surroundings and everything which the government cannot give. We must provide everything essential for their comfort and social welfare. The giving is more essential now than ever before because since the armistice the soldiers are at leisure and their time will weigh heavily upon them. Let them know that the people back home will provide for them without "stint or limit". Everett went over their quota by about \$1000 the first days drive. That's the spirit, for a noble cause. Let everyone do his share.

By order of President Wilson. Pro- vost Marshal General Crowder directed the cancellation of all outstanding draft calls, stopping the movement during the next five days of 252,000 men and setting aside all November calls for more than 300,000 men.

A small number of men in eastern states began entraining at six A. M. Monday for cantonments under the calls, and the cancellation came too late to affect their status. They will be considered as in the army until demobilized. Men not yet entrained, whether specially inducted or assembled by general call, for whom the day and hour of service has been set by draft boards will be considered as honorably discharged, and so paid.

Calls for the navy and marine corps are not affected by the cancellation and enlistments at men for these services will continue as ordered. Draft boards will continue classification of registrants on September 12.

Secretary Daniels announced that no immediate steps would be taken toward demobilizing any part of the naval forces of the United States.

With S. T. Forgot
Gummi is a kind of nut by direct and indirect means. It is the little things we get by hot endeavor. The great things come to us as it were around a corner. We never become beautiful or eloquent, or popular, or appreciated intellectual or even good, by accident. Whatever we get of such things will come to us when we are most self forgetful and most absorbed in the service of our kind.—Edward Judson.

Both Inventions of Americans.
There is an English proverb which commends as a cure "a bar of the dog that bit you". And it is an interesting fact, though hardly a coincidence, if national inventive characteristics be borne in mind that one of the most deadly man-killing machines, which the world owes to the genius of one American the late Sir Hiram Maxim, should have found its antidote—the "tank"—in a device directly inspired by the invention of a compatriot, Mr. Benjamin Holt.

Man's Handicap.
"Mere man was placed under a handicap shortly after creation," said the near-cynic. "Eve had the snake to fall back on when she wanted to make her husband jealous, but poor Adam didn't have a soul." Which makes us positive that Eve was the original snake charmer.—Indianapolis Star.

Quality of Courage.
Courage in any form prevails only in instances where the individual is accompanied by a being possessing stronger forces. In the company of more courageous fellow beings the most fearful man not only becomes brave but will exhibit courage.—Exchange.

The New-Fangled Way.
"What has become of the old-fashioned man who used to whistle and wait for his sweetheart?" asks an exchange. Probably sitting in the front seat listening to his son hunk the tin bizzle while waiting for Mayme to don her motor garb.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Uncle Eben.
"You're liable to and," said Uncle Eben, "dat de man who talks de biggest things de smallest."



What The Mail Is Likely To Bring

The frivolous youth has dickered with a "wife by correspondence" concern; the picture of the pretty girl came and joy reigned within the heart of the youth. He forwarded his money to the fair damsel (fair in picture only) and bouquet in hand eagerly awaits the arrival of the train that bears her to him.

The train arrives, the human freight is unloaded and youth finds his heart fairly throbbing as he stands awaiting his "bundle of loveliness" from the mail order marriage concern. There looms before him a twinkling an artificially spry, antiquated, homely and ill-dressed sample of the concerns stock in trade and the youth flees back into his home city to search out one of its products.

The same is true in every-day business life with thousands of persons. They fall prey to the pretty pictures in the catalogue, send their money to the mail order house and in conclusion are greeted with merchandise that corresponds in appearance with the frivolous youth's mail order bride.

MORAL:—Even a picture is softer powder and paint" when the camera clicks.

Buying from THESE MERCHANTS will help enlarge their stores and carry a greater assortment of goods from which to choose from.

Bedford Laundry
Wants Your Trade

W. S. Arnold
Lumber, Shingles, Building Material

S. I. McVicker
Ice Cream and Soft Drinks

Bedford Electric
L. H. and P. Co.
Electrical Fixtures of All Kinds

First National Bank
Resources Over \$800,000.

Heckerman's
Drug Store
Over 50 Years Experience
Mixing Medicines

Fred C. Pate
Rugs, Furniture, etc.

Blackburn Hdw. Co.
Everything in Hardware

Davidson Bros.
Coal, Feed, Cement, etc.

Hartley Bank & Co.
The Old Reliable

Bedford County
Trust Co.

John R. Cull
The Leading Druggist.

Keystone Garage
Cars Repairing

Bedford Garage
BUICK cars and International trucks

Plez-U Shop
Ladies Furnishings.

Slaughenhoupt's
Bedford's Biggest and Best Store

Straub's Store
Groceries, Notions, Shoes, etc.

Metzgar Hdw. Co.
Stoves, Fencing, Furniture

George T. Jacobs
and Bros.
Shoes of all Kinds

Harold S. Smith Co.
Clothing, Men, Women and Children.

Hoffman's Garage
Greatest Lincoln Way Garage,
Arandale in Connection

Fred S. Sammel
Pianos, Organs, Music Rolls, etc.

SERVICE TO FARMERS

Now is the time for the farmer to plan next year's crops, next year's increased production—next year's prosperity.

Whatever his plans may include—farm improvements, crop planting, live stock financing, etc.—our Officers will be glad to discuss matters and offer their best advice.

A hearty welcome always awaits the farmer at this Institution.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, BEDFORD, PA.

Reason for "Red Nose."

A physician says that continuous drinking of alcoholic beverages is a common cause of the distension of minute blood vessels particularly about the face and nose. These blood vessels are influenced each time alcohol in any quantity is taken into the system and finally the elasticity of the walls is destroyed and the veins become permanently enlarged and "red nose" and "red face" result.

Another Type.

Another type of American that gives us an awful pain is the constructive critic whose attitude seems to be that he isn't going to be proud of his country until he has so.—Ohio State Journal.

Half of Country's Nuts Wasted.

Nuts are wasted in great quantities in some parts of the country. This is true especially of such varieties as black walnuts and butternuts which have kernels not so easily taken from their shells as those of chestnuts and hickory nuts. It is probable that not half of the nuts which ripen every fall in the United States are ever eaten by human beings.

First Museum.

The first museum was part of the Palace of Alexandria where learned men were maintained at the public cost, just as eminent public servants were in the Prytaneum at Athens. Its foundation is attributed to Ptolemy Philadelphus about 280 B. C.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, the undersigned will offer at public sale on Saturday, December 7, 1918, at 1:00 o'clock P. M. on the premises the mansion farm of George I. Callahan, late of West St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Penna., deceased, to wit:

Bounded on North by lands of Jordan Mock and Mary Numemaker, on East by Charles Barefoot, on South by Sydman Young and Maggie Ake, on West by Barbara Fyock and Samuel Whittaker, containing 101 acres more or less, having thereon a two story dwelling house, bank barn, good spring of water and good orchard of all kinds of fruit.

Terms: Ten per cent of bid cash on day of sale, and balance cash on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

Barbara Fyock, Administratrix,
Alum Bank, Pa. R. D.
Simon H. Sell,—Attorney.
Nov. 15, 3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court, Auditor, to distribute the balance of the funds to and amongst those entitled to the same, in the hands of Annie Kirk Allen, Administratrix of Sarah Kirk, late of East St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased, will sit for the purposes of his appointment at the Court House, in Bedford, Pa. on Monday, December 9, 1918, at ten o'clock A. M. where and when all persons interested shall be required to present their claims or be forever barred from coming for a share of said funds.

James C. Russell, Auditor
Bedford, Pa.
Simon H. Sell,—Attorney,
Nov. 15, 3t.

How The Bank Serves You

As the products of the farm are turned into money the bank offers a safe and convenient depository for the funds.

Pay bills by check, and have your record and receipt.

Interest is paid on time deposits.

Hartley Banking Co.

BEDFORD, PA.

Individual Liability.

Barber Blames Customer.

This stuff about the talkative barber is all wrong, it appears. A barber writes Seattle Post-Intelligencer protesting against further misrepresentation. It is the customer who insists upon opening his heart, he writes, and the poor barber is obliged to listen to all manner of confidential patter, home troubles, scandals, and occasionally the customer spills a bum tip on the stock market and the barber goes broke. It is this latter contingency that impels him to protest.

Care of Azaleas.

As soon as azaleas have stopped blossoming set away in the dark and give a little water once in a while, not much. When summer comes put the pot in the ground out of doors and water well. A rather shady place is best. Take it before frost comes, and put in a cool room. Water very sparingly until near Christmas. If you report, cut away some of the branches. This will promote the growth and develop buds.

Gordon's Defense of Khartum.

For sheer duration General Gordon's heroic defense of Khartum excelled all modern sieges, for it lasted 317 days, or just nine days shorter than the Russian retention of Sebastopol. Unfortunately, as we all know, its termination was a tragedy, embittered by the fact that a very few days later the would-be army of relief arrived, only in time to pick up the threads of a pitiful disaster.

At Our Best.

There are some men and some women in whose company we are always at our best. While with them we cannot think mean thoughts or speak ungenerous words. Their mere presence is elevation, purification, sanctity. All the best steps in our nature are drawn out by their intercourse, and we find a music in our souls that was never there before.

Y. M. C. A. Un-denominational.

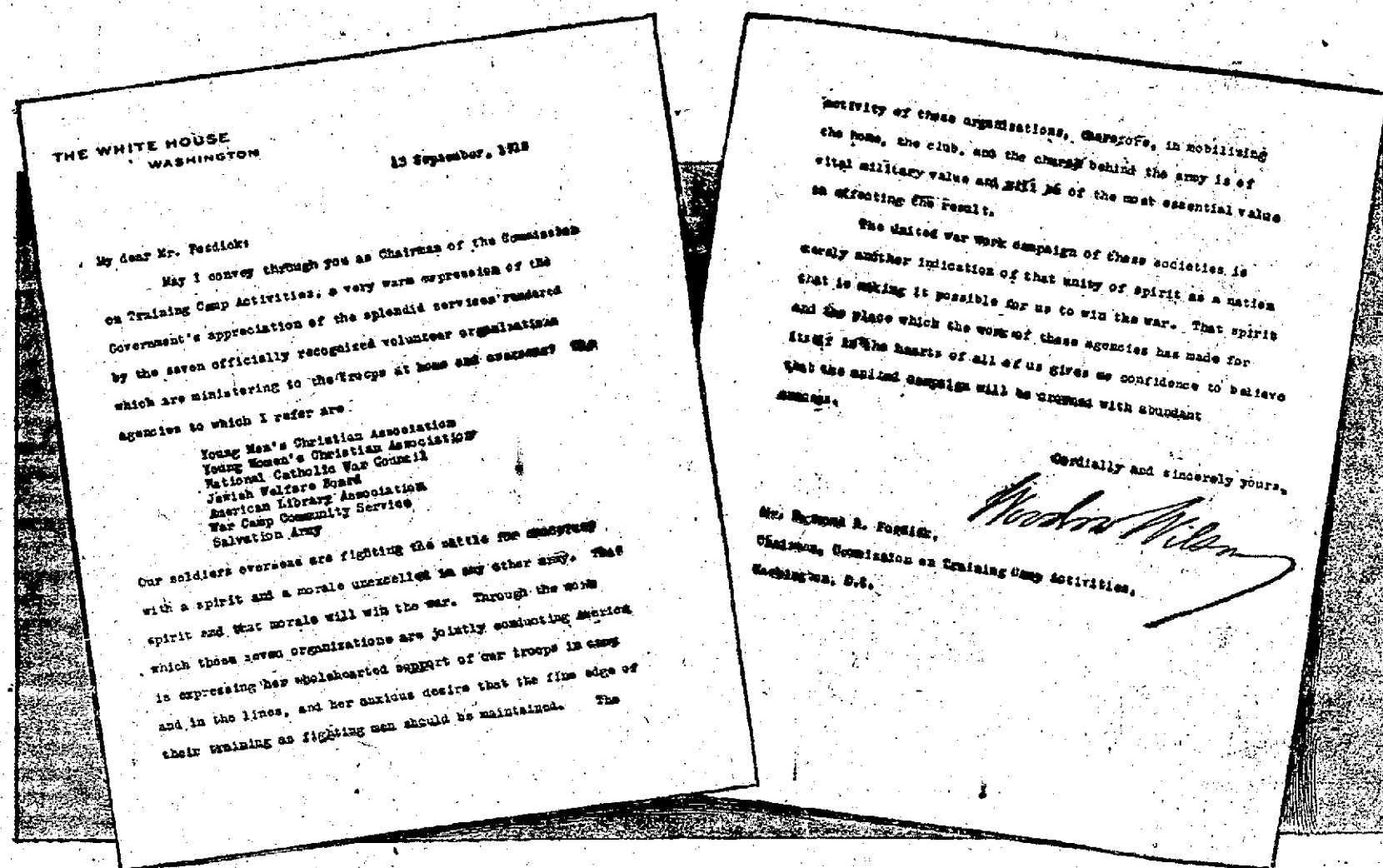
The Y. M. C. A. is un-denominational as an institution. Its aim is to promote the social, mental, physical and spiritual well-being of all young men without regard to their church affiliations or religious beliefs.

Difficult Navigation.

An old lady was on her first ocean voyage. "What's that down there?" she asked the captain. "That's the steering, madam," he replied. "Really?" she exclaimed. "And does it take all those people to make the boat go straight?"

"The Treatment You Finally Take!"
OLD DR. THEEL'S
1719 Spring Garden St. 1895
PHILADELPHIA, PA. Only one guarantee you require in a week and secured along with the money. **TRY IT FIRST!**
HOMES, VARIOUS, and the entire body. (See the information over for life in 10 days and 1000 PAINFUL cases.)
Testimony: "I was a sufferer from Rheumatism for 20 years, and was unable to walk or stand. I was treated by many doctors, but nothing helped me. I was then told to try Dr. Theel's treatment. I did so, and in 10 days I was able to walk and stand. I was then told to try Dr. Theel's treatment. I did so, and in 10 days I was able to walk and stand. I was then told to try Dr. Theel's treatment. I did so, and in 10 days I was able to walk and stand."
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"Of Vital Military Value" Says the Commander-in-Chief



THE President has expressed what is in every American heart. As a nation we are united in the winning of this war. As a nation we stand behind our fighters eager and prepared to do for them whatever will hasten victory and make the fighter's task a little lighter.

As individuals there is little we can do. As a nation we can work wonders through the seven organizations authorized and recognized by the Government.

They come to you not as Catholics, nor as Jews nor as Protestants, not as the representatives of any creed or enterprise, but as Americans to ask that you join in this great united undertaking for God, and country and our fighters.

The President has voiced his belief that this spirit of unity will be "crowned with abundant success."

He believes it because he knows this campaign is "of vital military value" and he knows that you will leave nothing undone to win this war.

It rests with you. Think of this campaign as your sole responsibility. What you give will mean its success. You cannot leave this undertaking to others. It is YOUR campaign. In France, Americans are fighting this war as if the result depended on the way each individual fights. At home, this campaign rests with you. What will you give—decide to-night—and make your share the biggest thing you ever did!

Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is four times greater than any gift ever asked for since the world began. The Government has asked this sum at \$170,000,000.

By doing to these seven organizations all that once the cost and effort of all additional campaigns is saved. Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 what:

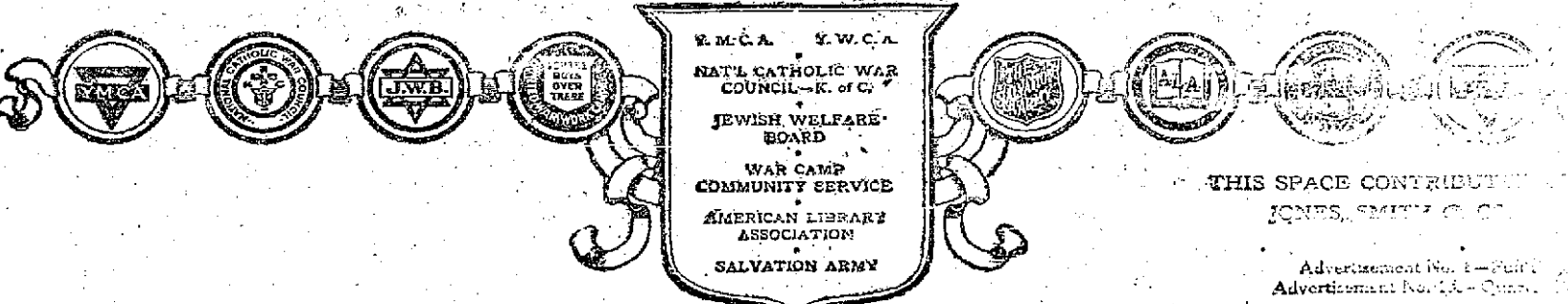
5000 Recreation Buildings	2500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
1000 Miles of Movie Film	65 Motion Pictures
100 Leading Stage Stars	15,000 Big-brother "secretaries"
2000 Athletic Directors	Millions of dollars of home comforts.

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club and an athletic field—more knowledge than the whole back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs.

Now give to maintain the morale that is winning the war!

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



Contributed By
HARTLEY BANKING COMPANY

BEDFORD,

PENNSYLVANIA

NEWS REVIEW OF THE GREAT WAR

World's Conflict Brought to a Close by Virtual Surrender of Germany.

HUNS BEG ARMISTICE TERMS

Embassies Go to Marshal Foch Bearing White Flag—While Conference Is Held Allied Armies Continue to Smash the Enemy.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.
The great war is virtually ended. At the time of writing hostilities had not ceased, but the plenipotentiaries of Germany had crossed the lines to a point near Guise, bearing a white flag, and were there considering the armistice terms offered them by Marshal Foch. That they would be compelled to accept these terms was considered a foregone conclusion.

Though the terms of the armistice had not been made public, those granted to Austria and Turkey proved that Germany would be forced to accept terms that meant unconditional surrender, with all that implies. The allies were in a position to refuse to listen to anything short of that. President Wilson had notified the German high command that it would have to ask terms from Marshal Foch in the field, and in consequence Matthias Erzberger, General Winterfeld, Count von Oberndorff, General von Gruenell and Naval Captain von Salow carried the white flag to the generalissimo of the

allies. Whether they were fully empowered to act for Germany was not stated, but it was supposed that if it were necessary to submit the terms to the reichstag, such action would be in the nature of a formality.

Thus, after four years and three months of terrible conflict, the great war, involving directly most of the nations of the globe, has come to a close with the utter defeat of Germany and her allies, the complete failure of the gigantic conspiracy to force upon the world the rule of militaristic autocracy.

At the expense of millions of lives and billions of treasure the reign of democracy has been established throughout the world. The price has not been too great, for the victorious nations, and perhaps some of the conquered, have been regenerated by the blood they have shed and the gold they have spent.

Her military front in the west collapsing, her home front breaking down, her people ready to revolt and her troops forming soviets after the fashion of the Russian bolsheviks, Germany had to give up the struggle. Had the army commanders had their way, probably the fighting would have been continued for a short time longer, though hopelessly. But the internal changes had actually given the people a power they never before had enjoyed, and they brought it to bear in a way that compelled the militarists to make a speedy peace. The revolt of the armed forces already had begun in Hamburg and Kiel and also in Schleswig, and it was reported that the revolutionists had gained control of the entire German fleet.

And now for the peace conference. The first question is the place where the momentous meeting shall be held. The United States offers Washington. Great Britain favors The Hague; France, Versailles; Italy, Geneva. All

are supposed to favor Washington as second choice. If the conference should meet in our national capital, it is believed President Wilson will preside; if elsewhere, some other American, presumably Colonel House, will sit at the head of the table.

The allied governments have agreed that peace shall be based on the points enunciated by President Wilson, with two modifications which have been accepted by him. These are that reparation by Germany shall include compensation for all damage done to the civilian population of the allies and their property by the Germans by land, by sea, and from the air; and that the belligerent allies reserve to themselves complete freedom on the subject of the interpretation of the phrase "freedom of the seas." Information on this was sent to Berlin by Secretary Lansing in the same note that told the Huns to ask an armistice from Foch.

Prominent men of England and France, backed by the press of those countries, insist that the German military commanders and others who have been personally responsible for the brutalities and inhumanities of the war shall be brought personally to trial and punishment. The names of these wretches have been carefully compiled by the British and French and Belgians during the years of warfare, and if they are permitted to go unpunished there will be a general outburst of wrath. The individuals thus accused include the officials of the Krupp works, who were in conspiracy with the militarists to bring on the war.

What will happen to Kaiser Wilhelm is still on the lips of the gods. He is no longer a free agent, and there have been loud and persistent calls in the cities of Germany for his abdication. However, the German gov-

ernment, after long consultation with the leaders of all parties, decided that he should remain on the throne, at least for the present. The Socialists wanted to oust him as a symbol of the militaristic system that has brought disaster on Germany; but the other parties believed he should be retained as the symbol of the unity of the German empire, which is so threatened just now. That they have reason to fear the growing separatist movement is evidenced by the Munich journals, which openly advocate the separation of Bavaria from the empire.

The allied commanders in France and Belgium gave no sign that they knew armistice negotiations were under way and the end of the war at hand. Not for one second did they cease their furious attack on the armies of the Huns, and the result was that before the end of the week the latter were facing the most complete disaster that could overtake them. The fighting raged all along the front from Ghent, which was surrounded and taken by the British, Belgians and Americans, to the region north of Verdun, where the Americans were forging ahead despite fierce resistance and almost insurmountable difficulties of terrain. Between these points the French armies, assisted on each wing by their allies, were mighty busy in operations designed to complete the work of cutting off the retreat of the Hun armies in the great pocket between the Holland border and Metz. Between the Sambre and the Scheldt three British armies engaged twenty-five German divisions and utterly defeated them, inflicting terrible losses and compelling a general retreat. On their right, after taking Valenciennes, they drove ahead through the Mormal forest, captured Le Quesnoy, and almost reached Maubeuge. The Canadians, on the British left, made equally important advances.

Finland is sore. Its people declare they were misled by the Germans and that a German king was thrust upon them without their desire. It would not be at all surprising if that king were forced to abdicate in the near future and if a republican form of government were inaugurated.

After accomplishing the difficult crossing of the Sambre canal and then starting the Huns well on their way eastward, the French made one of the greatest leaps forward recorded during the war. Vervins, Montcornet and Rethel, all German strongholds, and innumerable towns and villages of less importance were taken and passed by the irresistible Pollux, with whom an Italian corps was operating, and clear down to the Meuse the enemy was in full flight. So fast did the Huns fall back and so close on their heels were the French that the Germans were compelled to abandon many guns and great stores of material, and their losses in prisoners were enormous.

Meanwhile the Yankees were carrying out their part of the big drive by smashing through the German lines on both sides of the Meuse, and by Thursday they had entered Sedan and were close to Montmedy, Mezieres and other important towns. The feat of the Americans in forcing the crossing of the Meuse river and canal south of Dun and the taking of that town was one of the most dashing of all the incidents of the whole war. The doughboys had to swim across the waterways under heavy machine-gun fire and to climb the steep banks of the canal with the aid of grappling hooks. Between the river and the canal they had to cross a stretch of mud land three-quarters of a mile wide. The engineers gallantly did their share, building pontoon and foot bridges and our troops, tired but jubilant, proceeded to chase the swiftly retreating Huns to the north and east. The principal lateral lines of communication between Metz and northern France and Belgium were thus cut.

Italy took full revenge for the defeat of Caporetto before the armistice with Austria went into effect on November 4. Though the submission of the Austrian commanders was a foregone conclusion, General Diaz didn't lose a moment waiting for it, but went swiftly ahead with the job of absolutely crushing the enemy forces. It is estimated that in that last offensive the Italians took about 500,000 prisoners, and that they hold fully a million Austrians in their prison camps. The value of the material captured in the recent weeks is put at \$5,000,000,000, and it includes 200,000 horses and 6,000 guns. The collapse of the great Austrian army was complete, and the scenes in the redeemed Italian territory where thousands on thousands of prisoners were being moved were said to be reminiscent of the retreat of Napoleon from Moscow.

Of course the armistice terms granted the Austrians were most severe, and included in them was free passage of the allied armies through Austrian territory, with use of Austrian means of transportation. This meant the opening of the way to attack Germany from the south and to protect Roumania. Emperor Charles refused to sign these terms, so that was done by the Austrian chief of staff. There was some question as to who could represent the late dual kingdom, for it is all broken up now. Hungary, under the leadership of Count Karolyi, has made complete its separation from Austria and will hold a plebiscite on the question of being a kingdom or a republic. Really nothing is left to Charles except the German part of Austria, and that shows signs of joining the German confederation. The disposition of the peoples of southern middle Europe is going to be one of the most delicate and difficult problems the peace conference will have to solve. If possible, it must be so solved that this region, for ages a hotbed of international troubles, will be satisfied and at peace.

All Italy went wild with joy over its great victory, and the various cities of Italia Irredenta, now redeemed, greeted with acclaim the occupying forces of Italian troops and the civilian authorities. Having conquered their ancient foe, the Italians displayed a remarkable spirit of forgiveness and treated the defeated Austrians with utmost generosity.

Russia remains the one field of conflict, and it is not conceivable that the fighting can be kept up there for very long. Siberia is pretty definitely under the control of the allies, the Czech-Slovaks and loyal Russians, at least as far as lines of communication are concerned. The government of northern Russia has acknowledged the government set up at Omsk as supreme and the bolsheviks now find their main strength is confined to the Volga valley region. The soviets are still powerful in many places, but the terrible food conditions and the fear of the approaching winter are having their effect. Germany formally severed relations with the bolshevik government last week, and the latter asked the allies to open peace negotiations at a time and place of their own choosing. Since none of the allied governments ever recognized the bolshevik government, it is difficult to see how anything could come of this except the surrender of the bolsheviks to the establishment of decent and safe governmental conditions.

The imminence of the cessation of warfare caused General Crowder and his aids to consider seriously the suspension of the November draft call, under which more than 300,000 men have been ordered to army camps. This action seemed likely.

* MANN'S CHOICE, RT. 1 *

A gloom was cast over this community when the sad news reached here that Miss Claire Shoemaker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Shoemaker was dead. Her body was brought from Wilkesburg where she died of pneumonia superinduced by influenza, to her former home now the home of her sister Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hyde on Dry Ridge. Funeral services were conducted at the Hyde home Thursday afternoon. Interment in the Reformed church cemetery, Dry Ridge. She is survived by her parents Mr. and Mrs. George Shoemaker of Bedford and two sisters Mrs. Oscar Hyde of Dry Ridge and Pearl of Bedford. She was one of Bedford County's former school teachers having taught in the Townships of Napier, Juniata and Harrison. The bereaved family have the heartfelt sympathy of the writer.

Mr. Harry Geisler moved his family to Mann's Choice recently.

Mrs. William Hilleglass of near New Baltimore, Mrs. Maria Flemming and Mrs. Anna Pensyl were the guests of Mrs. Maria Corley on Saturday.

Daniel and James Diehl made a business trip to Bedford on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Hyde and children and Delbert Pensyl visited the former's mother Mrs. Margaret Hyde on last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Geisler and children of Mann's Choice spent Sunday with Mrs. Geisler's parents Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Diehl.

George E. Kelly spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Rudolph Keller of near West End.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Brant and grandson Donald Wilson were last Sunday visitors at the home of their daughter Mr. and Mrs. Jordan Diehl.

Mr. and Mrs. James Diehl received word recently that their son Howard had arrived safely overseas.

* THE WILLOWS *

Mrs. S. S. Baker and daughter, Margaret and son, Clyde spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Elias Diehl and family near Charlesville.

Mr. and Mrs. V. E. P. Barkman of Bedford passed through here Monday morning and called on Mrs. M. J. Amick and family.

G. E. Clark visited friends in Mattie on Sunday.

M. H. Rithey visited Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Bollman and family Sunday afternoon.

Daniel Hafer of Bedford and Priv. Neal C. Hafer of Camp Upton called on Amicks Tuesday.

HOLLAND TO INTERN WM. HOHENZOLLERN

Report Empress is With the ex-Kaiser's Party.

It is reported on good authority that Wilhelm Hohenzollern, the former German emperor will be interned in Holland.

The ex-kaiser, his eldest son, and Field Marshal von Hindenburg, it is learned from a reliable source, are in a railway train near the station of Eysden awaiting the decision of the Dutch government. The blinds on the train are down.

A Copenhagen's despatch to Reuters says it is semi-officially reported in Berlin that the emperor, accompanied by ten men, has arrived in Arnheim and occupied Count von Reutnick's chateau.

A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Copenhagen quotes the Politiken as saying when the German emperor arrived at Maas-tricht he was accompanied by the empress.

It is said the Dutch government faces difficulty as to its treatment of the unwelcome visitors. Many contend that William Hohenzollern and his eldest son are still German soldiers, and must be interned. Others urge they should be sent back to Germany. Others argue that they cannot be prevented visiting their old friends, Count von Reutnick.

Virtually the whole German general staff accompanied the one-time emperor, and ten automobiles carried the party to Eysden on the Dutch frontier Sunday morning. The automobiles were bristling with rifles, and all the fugitives were armed.

Hindenburg Not With Kaiser. A German radio message picked up by the American wireless station confirming the report that William Hohenzollern is in Holland, where is stated to be awaiting a decision by the officials of the Netherlands government as to his status, says Field Marshal von Hindenburg is not with the former emperor, but has remained at the headquarters of the German general staff.

Gangway. Sign in Maine: Bumpus and Catchall.—Boston Transcript.



There are no better Cold Tablets THAN OUR OWN

They Cure
Sent postpaid for twenty-five cents

Ed. D. Heckerman
The Druggist Bedford, Pa.

Dr. A. C. WOLF,
BEDFORD, PA.

Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT

My Glasses are guaranteed for 4 years from \$3 to \$7, and guaranteed for a life time from \$8 to \$15. Any time it is necessary I will examine the eyes and change the lenses, free of charge.

FALL & WINTER GARMENTS Cleaned or Dyed and Refinished

By our methods have a wholesome newness, and lend a satisfaction in renewed service that cannot be obtained elsewhere. Footer's methods are always swift and best. We have special facilities for cleaning or dyeing FURS of all kinds.

FOOTER'S DYE WORKS
CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND
The Piez-U Shop. **POWELL & BAIN, Agents.**

Dr. F. P. STEHLEY and SON

Leading Dentists in Cumberland LOCATED

at No. 100 Baltimore Street over
McCrory's 10-Cent Store
P. O. Box 367 Cumberland, Md.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK SCHELLBURG, PENNA.

The small bank with the big backing

3% Compound Interest paid on time deposits **3%**

You can open a Savings or Checking account with us with \$1.00.

Your Patronage is Invited.

**Large enough to serve you
Strong enough to protect you**

P. J. Zabriskie, Supt. Jersey City Stock Yards Company, Jersey City, New Jersey.

Says: We used RATSNAPE purchased of you about our plant for the extermination of rats with marked success. It is a wonderful preparation. It did beyond question all you claimed it would do—killing the rodents, driving them from their haunts and eliminating odors arising from their death. We cheerfully endorse its use in places infested with vermin. Four sizes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$3.00.

Sold by Metzger Hardware Co.

Simply the Only Thing to Do.

"Do you think it is proper to use profanity to a mule?" "So far as my own feelings are concerned," declared the expert teamster, "it is highly improper. But when you are trying to get along with as sensitive and exacting an animal as a mule you've simply got to humor him."

Couldn't Have Worried Much.

Before he died the late Sir Henry, six years, the oldest member of the British parliament said that he had no secret formula for the prolongation of life, except it was that he never bothered about it. He, he smoked and he did not mind what pleased him most. It is quite evident that he was an honorary member of the Don't Worry Club.

One Thing Man Must Do.

Nature never provides for man's wants in any direction, bodily, mentally, or spiritually, in such a form as that he can simply accept her gifts automatically. She puts all the mechanical powers at his disposal—but he must make his lever.

W. K. Sproule, Jr. Assistant Cashier,

Columbia National Bank, Indianapolis, Indiana

Says: We were bothered quite a little by rats in our basement, destroying our stationery, but after distributing your RAT SNAP very thoroughly, we are pleased to report that we are no longer bothered with them. Four sizes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$3.00.

Sold by Metzger Hardware Co.

Beeswax for Cracks.

Cracks in furniture may be filled in with beeswax. Soften the wax until it is like putty, then firmly press it into the cracks and smooth over with a thin steel knife. Sandpaper over the surrounding wood and work the dust into the wax. This gives a wood finish or color, and when the furniture is varnished the cracks will disappear. Beeswax is better than putty, for putty soon dries, crumbles, and falls out.

When They Weigh Most.

A floating item states that it takes 5,000 bees to weigh a pound. They weigh more when they sit down.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Time for All Things.

There is a time for all things, and we believe that the young man should select twilight, after he has put in fourteen hours hoeing the crops, for writing love songs and war poetry.—Houston Post.

History.

James imparting his knowledge to his younger sister: "Rome was founded by Remus and Juliet."

WHEN NEURALGIA ATTACKS NERVES

Sloan's Liniment scatters the congestion and relieves pain

A little, applied without rubbing, will penetrate immediately and rest and soothe the nerves.

Sloan's Liniment is very effective in allaying external pains, strains, bruises, aches, stiff joints, sore muscles, lumbago, neuritis, sciatica, rheumatic twinges. Keep a big bottle always on hand for family use. Druggists everywhere.

Sloan's
Liniment
Kills Pain

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Lewis Benna, late of Harrison Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

George W. Benna,
Tillman Benna,
Administrators.
Mann's Choice, Pa.

D. C. Reiley, Attorney.
Oct. 25, 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

In the Estate of Barbara Anne Hamilton, late of the Township of Liberty, County of Bedford, deceased.

Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, and all persons indebted to the said decedent will make payment to them without delay.

ARTHUR O. HAMILTON,
Findlay, Ohio,
WILBERT H. HAMILTON,
Saxton, Pa.,
Administrators.

ALVIN L. LITTLE,
Attorney.
Nov 8-6t

PUBLIC SALE

On Friday, November 21, 1918, at 12.30 sharp, C. P. Briner, of Cumberland Valley, 12 miles from Bedford, will sell gray horse, bay mare, colt, 2 years old, suckling colt, 3 milk cows, 4 head young cattle, fodder, oats, corn, hay, binder, drill, plows, cultivators, land roller, mowing machine, hay rake, barrows, log shed, harness, manure spreader, corn planter, buggy, bay ladders, platform scales, wheelbarrow, 3 new hogheads, carpenter tools and other articles too numerous to mention.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Valentine A. Stuft, late of King Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

SARAH STUFFT,
Administrator,
Imler, Pa.

GEORGE POINTS, Attorney.
Nov 8-6-w

Switzerland is conserving food by the simple process of making bigger holes in its cheese. Other nations take the more elaborate way of making bigger holes in pocketbooks.

The fact that 27,000,000 cartridges were turned out by American factories in one day recently sounds big, but, on the other hand, it is only 27 shots apiece for the boys over there.

Our idea of a popular fellow in the neighborhood is one who owns a complete assortment of garden tools and seems never to want to use one when his neighbors have need for it.

No matter how much style is put in the American uniform, it would not appeal to the slacker who stands on the street corner all day to keep from ruining the crease in his trousers.

"What shall the harvest be?" sang the amateur gardener last spring. To his credit let it be said that in the majority of instances he is raising what he thought he was going to raise when he planted.

Co-operation.

On a southern plantation were two small negro boys, Berry and Wesley, who did the milking. Wesley was industrious, but Berry was lazy and always tried to make Wesley do the work. One evening the lady of the house went out to the kitchen and said: "Berry, have you brought the milk in?" "Yes'm, I fetched it in, didn't you, Wesley?"

Daily Thought.

Our duty is to be useful, not according to our desires, but according to our powers.—Henri Frederic Amiel

DON'T LET A COLD KEEP YOU AT HOME

Dr. King's New Discovery almost never fails to bring quick relief

Small doses once in awhile and that throat-tearing, lung-splitting cough soon quiets down. Another dose and a hot bath before jumping into bed, a good sleep, and back to normal in the morning.

Dr. King's New Discovery is well known. For fifty years it's been relieving coughs, colds and bronchial attacks. For fifty years it's been sold by druggists everywhere. A reliable remedy that you yourself or any member of your family can take safely.

Train Those Stubborn Bowels
Help nature take its course, not with a violent, habit-forming purgative, but with gentle but certain and natural-laxative, Dr. King's New Life Pills. Tonic in action, it stimulates the lax bowels. Sold by druggists everywhere.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Eliza Helsel, late of the Township of Bedford, County of Bedford and state of Pennsylvania, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same and all persons indebted to said decedent will make payment to me with out delay.

Alvin L. Little—Executor
Bedford, Pa.

Nov. 1, 6t.

PUBLIC SALE

On Friday November 15, 1918 at 1 o'clock sharp the Osterburg Creamery Company of Osterburg will offer the following personal and real estate for sale: One piece of ground 200 x 200 feet, a one-story building 24 by 40 feet, containing therein a 10 H. P. Economic Horizontal Steel Boiler, 6 H. P. Horizontal Engine combined churn and Butterworker, 400 pound capacity cream ripener, and pasteurized starter can pumps, printer, office desk and chair, scales and other articles necessary in running an up-to-date creamery. Terms made known one day of sale.

Don't wait until your cold develops Spanish Influenza or pneumonia.

Kill it quick.

CASCARA QUININE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days—back to normal. The greatest remedy for colds with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Eliza McElfish, late of Southampton township Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Russell C. McElfish
Palmer D. McElfish
Executors
Chenoyville, Pa.

B. F. Macdonald, Attorney
Oct. 11, 6t

Candles From Human Fat.

Among soap anomalies may be mentioned human-fat toilet soap, known over continental Europe the past century or more and indicated by some medicines as a superior emollient. This sounds callous but the art of soap making is not particularly noted for fine sentiment. The fat stock was obtained from covers of hospital and morgue drawers and tried out like any other fat. Candles for special purposes have also been made from human fat—Scientific American.

Robinson Crusoe's Will.

The "last will" of Alexander Selkirk, the original of Robinson Crusoe, was sold at auction in London for \$300. The will begins: "Being now bound out on a voyage to sea, and calling to mind the perils and dangers of the seas and other uncertainties of this transitory life—"

Had an Abill.

A party of tourists were discussing the Darwinian theory, and one of them, turning to the guide said: "And what, my friend, do you think of the matter?" "Well, sir," said the guide, "you gentlemen may have come from apes. It's not for me to contradict you. But, as for me, I can say that my folks came from Wales."

Just a Little Too Much.

Young Fiddle was a very learned young man, and his friends were all very disappointed, not to say surprised, when he refused to accept the degree of doctor of divinity. One of his colleagues tackled him on the subject. "Ah, well," replied the learned young man, "it's enough to be named Fiddle, without being Fiddle, D. D."

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 17

JACOB FLEEING FROM HIS ANGRY BROTHER.

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 28:10-22.
GOLDEN TEXT—He hath not dealt with us after our sins, nor rewarded us according to our iniquities.—Psalms 103:10.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Genesis 27:46-28:2.

The motive which moved Rebekah to send Jacob away was a mixed one. She realized that Esau's anger was hot against Jacob, even to the point where he was likely to kill him. She further knew that justice would have to be meted out to him, and thus she would be bereft of them both. Then, too, she realized that if Jacob remained in that land he would likely marry a heathen woman and thus defeat God's purpose regarding the covenant nation. This latter she pressed upon Isaac as a motive for sending him away.

I. Jacob's Flight (v. 10).
He was fleeing from his outraged brother. His flight was necessary to save his life. He seems not to have gone the common road, so as to be less likely overtaken by Esau, should he pursue him. Through forced march he reaches Bethel, a spot nearly fifty miles away, by nightfall.

II. Jacob's Vision (vv. 11-17).
Jacob's soul was peculiarly tested. He had to leave home and mother. On the way to Haran night overtakes him, and he is obliged to sleep in a field with a stone for his pillow and the canopy of heaven for a covering. It was under such circumstances that the Lord gave him the wonderful vision at Bethel. Many times the rough experiences and severe trials of life help us on toward God. Luxury and heavenly visions do not usually go together. This finds illustration in John on Patmos; Stephen looking into heaven while being stoned, and John Bunyan in Bedford Jail.

1. He saw a ladder reaching from earth to heaven (v. 12).

This suggests a means of communication between earth and heaven, between man and God. It showed Jacob that in spite of his awful sin there was a way to heaven for him. Jesus Christ is the ladder connecting earth and heaven for us (John 1:51; 14:6; Hebrews 10:19, 20). In the incarnation Jesus Christ descended to earth's lowest depth and made a way upon which human feet might climb to heaven. Fortunate are they who in the times of earth's trials discern this ladder!

2. He saw angels of God upon the ladder (v. 12).

They were ascending and descending upon this ladder. These angels were the divine helpers to render needed assistance along life's way. Though unseen, God's angels guide and protect us on our earthly pilgrimage. They ascend unto the Father with our needs, and descend unto us with God's reply. Christ is a real man, and so can identify himself with us; he is the very God, really divine, and so is able to lift us to God and secure our reconciliation with him.

3. He saw the Lord standing above the ladder (vv. 13-17).

To show Jacob that the ladder did not merely reach into space, the personal God appeared and talked with him. His message is filled with infinite grace. (1) He declared the God of Abraham and Isaac (v. 13), thus assuring Jacob that the same hand that guided his fathers was over him. (2) He renewed the covenant as to the land (v. 13). Though Jacob was now fleeing from the land, yet the covenant would not fall, for Jacob and his seed should possess it. (3) Assured him of a numerous seed (v. 14). They would spread abroad to the north, and south, and east, and west. (4) The divine presence with the wandering Jacob (v. 15). Though he had sinned and was reaping what he had sown, yet God was with him.

III. Jacob's Vow (vv. 18-22).

God's gracious visitation provoked Jacob to make a vow. Each sight of God should cause us to renew our obligation to him. His vow included three things: (1) Dedication of himself to God (v. 12). This is the first thing to do. Our gifts are an abomination while the life is withheld from God. (2) Worship established (vv. 18, 19). "This stone shall be God's house." Worship always follows dedication of one's self to God. There is personal communion between God and those who worship him. (3) Consecration of his substance, of his possessions (v. 22). Those who have fellowship with God recognize God's claim upon their possessions. God's grace should constrain us to give of our substance to him.

Meditation.

Meditation is one way of handling the Gospel history. Instead of a vague, half-remembered, less than half-comprehended, story, the life of Jesus, steadily meditated on, passes into the life of the Christian, by an insensible but real transfusion.—Rev. H. P. Lid-don, D. D.

A Spiritual Relation.

True friendship is a spiritual relation. God reveals himself to us in many ways through our different friends.—E. V. H.

FOR SALE

A good Farm in Hopewell Township, containing 176 acres, 100 acres cleared, balance well timbered, good buildings, slate roofs. Bank Barn, 80 x 48. Large Silo, good soft water. Tenant House with six rooms. 1 1/2 miles from Cypher Station. Very convenient to church and school.

TATE & CESSNA

Real Estate Agents
Room Seven, Ridenour Block.
BEDFORD, PENNA.

S. E. Blackburn

"Practical Surveyor"

New Paris,
Pa.

Great for Emergencies

San Cura Ointment Should Be in Every Home

There never was known a more reliable ointment than San Cura. In most every case where it has been used it has created astonishment. It drew a needle out of the foot of the daughter of Mrs. James Hitchcock, of Centerville, Pa., after the doctor had used his lance and failed.

It has great healing and antiseptic value. It possesses so much healing virtue that it is guaranteed by Ed. D. Heckerman to relieve any kind of piles, eczema, tetter, salt rheuma, boils, carbuncles, ulcers, all kinds of chronic sores, chilblains and chapped hands, or money back.

It's a mighty handy remedy to have in the house in emergencies for bruises, burns, cuts or scalds, because it relieves the pain and is antiseptic and healing. It's a medicine chest in itself—a little family physician that is ever in demand. 30c, 60c and \$1.20 a jar at Ed. D. Heckerman's.

BEST SKIN SOAP

Is San Cura Soap, because of its great antiseptic and healing virtues. Use it regularly, and it will make the skin soft and velvety; will remove pimples and blackheads. It's the real soap for babies, tender skin, which mothers of infants should remember, 25 cents a cake at Ed. D. Heckerman's.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Lavinia Miller, late of Napier Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

Daniel Miller
Administrator.

Rt. 1, Schellburg, Pa.

E. M. Pennell, Attorney
Nov. 15, 6t.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.

All persons are prohibited from hunting upon my land situate in Harrison township, Bedford County, Pa. under the penalty of the law.

John G. Miller,
Mann's Choice.

Oct. 25, 4t*

HELEXVILLE

The report of Germans surrendering last Thursday caused somewhat of a "Ruppersippen" about here, but Friday's paper revealed the mistake causing much disappointment.

On last Friday Nov 8 the Levi Shaffer (deceased) farm was sold at public sale William Kegg of East Pittsburgh was the highest bidder, terminating at the sum of \$4500.

John Basore's baby has not been well the past few days.

"Faraway Moses" says there will be three weddings in our community in the near future.

Francis Phillips and father of Reynoldsdale visited Rufus Miller and family on Saturday last.

Ed Hinson and family of Johnstown spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives near town.

The farmers here hauled quite a lot of Buckwheat to Mann's Choice last week, for shipment.

Mrs. John McKinney and children of Daley, spent the past week with the formers parents who live on the Benj. Egolf farm.

John McKinney spent Saturday night at the same place. Mr. Pat Lyons transported the entire family home on Sunday in his "Studebaker."

William Moore resumed his teaching avocation on Monday morning.

LOST—Somewhere between Cumberland Md. and Bedford, Pa. Monday night Nov. 11th one 3 1/4 x 4 non-Old Kelly-Springfield tire. Finder communicate with H. K. B. Box 372 Johnstown, Pa. and receive reward. 1t *

HOGWALLOW NEWS

DUNK BOTTS, Regular Correspondent.

Some Where, Nov. 1918

George Morse, of Piney Creek, says he imagines Germany, and her allies feel like a fellow does when he has made a bad horse trade.

Charlie Chamberlain says the hunting season is about to come to a close and that he has had the poorest luck and the mosquitos have been the worst in his career.

There is a very short harvest a round Clearville. Those responsible for this shortage contend that it has been a very poor season. Jim Grubb says the European war was fought out too many times at the post office this summer.

George Smouse, Bedford Rt. says if his cow does not go to giving more milk he will have to cut her feed down again.

The Old Miser has decided to stay in Hogwallow, as he can live as cheap here as anywhere. He has gathered his winter's supply of hickorynuts and walnuts.

The Robinsonville Band does not show much improvement. It may be that Ben Hall can't pat his foot just a little harder, but he seems a little more fatigued when they play a long piece.

The St. Clairsville Improvement Society has about run out of orders to give to our people for the improvement and betterment of the community. However, as but little has been done that they have ordered done, they can now go back and give the same orders over again.

The Tiger Valley school teacher in Londonderry township is a pretty wise old duck after all. When his pupils are about to overtake him in their studies he turns them back so that he can get a new lead on.

W. H. Beegle, of Everett, goes a great distance to sharpen his butchers knives. Mrs. Beegle will learn

later that when hunting season comes in that men cannot always be trusted to performing their official duties.

them and in this way he keeps them thinking he is smarter than they.

The Hogwallow Postmaster says when he took the postoffice here back in the 90's it was a very delightful job but that they have kept adding on and adding on until it is almost unbearable; that the more a fellow does the more the fellows at Washington want you to do, and the commission on stamps remains the same.

Mrs. Carrie Nave's new fall hat seems to be a disappointment to the rest of the women of Centerville.

The Clearville Preacher's sermon on "Sin" Sunday was somewhat of a disappointment to his large congregation, as he did not mention the names of Lester Karns and Elias Mills, but instead, hinted mightily strong at every one present.

All the men of Everett were called Tuesday to work on the street. They all gathered in and inspected the road and it was unanimously agreed to do nothing to it as it could not get any worse. They may try to get some kind of state or national aid in the matter of putting the street in shape.

A New Paris widow will try to get a nicer fall hat than the one bought by Miss Tulip.

Some kind of strange disease has broke out among Lloyd Ickes' dogs at Pavia. He may have to call for assistance.

If the war closes in time baseball will be reorganized at the Bedford Fair next season. It has already been decided that Ed. England will not be the catcher and John Dull, the pitcher any more.

PROTECTS YOUR CHICKENS

and sure enough it does. A rat will leave all other food to get RAT SNAP and its last he eats. RAT SNAP chemically cremates the carcass. Doesn't have to be mixed with other food. Won't blow away dry soil or decay. Surest, quickest, cleanest, safest to kill rats, mice and roaches. Four sizes 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$3.00. Sold by Metzgar Hardware Co.

In One's Own Sphere.

Not one of us would be happy if we assumed another's place. We are fitted only for our own little world, and it remains with us to make that tiny sphere what it ought to be. This we may do if we keep cheerful, do our best and think only wholesome thoughts. Otherwise we simply will not, no matter what we may eventually possess, be happy, and the quicker we acknowledge the truth of the assertion the better it will be for ourselves and for all concerned.

Hyndman, Pa.

Nov. 8, 6th.

CHAPMAN'S RUN

School opened again on Monday they had been closed for three weeks on account of influenza.

Mrs. Caroline Price spent several days with Mrs. E. V. Snyder of Clearville last week.

Miss Ida Price of Clearville Rt 2 visited friends in this section from Thursday until Sunday evening of last week.

The people who were suffering with influenza are all able to be out again.

Harvey Mills was a welcome guest at the home of Alvah Jay's Sunday. Those who spent Sunday at Herman Clabaugh's were: Mrs. Sarah J. Fletcher, Misses Hazel, Ignus and Ruth Fletcher and Ida Rice Messrs. Earl Pitman, Cyrus Ward and John Fletcher.

Nathan Mills is putting a new roof on his house.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Shipley and little daughter were Sunday visitors with Mrs. Shipley's mother, Mrs. M. L. Morris.

The majority of the farmers are through with their corn husking. Mr. and Mrs. Roy Weimer were guests last week at the home of D. C. Barkman.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Ritchey and daughter Velma and Murray Bennett motored to Andy Warehams in Snake Spring Valley Sunday.

Tom Clark was seen on the streets of Chaneyville Sunday evening.

Albert Morris was a business visitor in Everett on Saturday.

There was no school in the advanced room this week because of Prof. E. A. Herschbergers son having the influenza.

KELLOGG'S VEGETABLE LIVER CHOCOLATES



Tone-Up YOUR STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS

By taking a harmless, Vegetable Liver Chocolate each night before retiring. You will not only cause the bowels to move regularly every day, but will also derive the tonic effect that these little Liver Chocolates are guaranteed to produce. They can't be given to children with perfect safety, as they are purely vegetable. They do not gripe or nauseate, as does castor oil, salts, and other irritating cathartics. Due to the increased need to produce. They can be given TABLE LIVER CHOCOLATES, your druggists' stock may have been depleted, but fresh supplies have been rushed to him.

Guaranteed To Give Satisfaction Or Money Refunded By The Company. For Sale Where All Medicines Are Sold, or Sent On Receipt of Price.

ALWAYS RELIABLE

Bedford Experiences Going Back For Six Years.

Kidney weakness can be cured. But what caused it once will cause it again.

Here's a Bedford man who has had several attacks. Several times in six years Mr. Weyant has used Doan's Kidney Pills. He says that Doan's have never failed him.

Six years ago Mr. Weyant publicly endorsed Doan's. He now confirms his statement. What better proof of merit? Proved by years of experience. This is convincing testimony: Told by Bedford people.

W. H. Weyant, grocer, 243 W. Pitt St. says: "Doan's Kidney Pills aren't a new medicine to me. I have used them off and on for a number of years and wouldn't be without them. I have to be on my feet a great deal and do a lot of heavy lifting and at times this brings on backache and other kidney ailments. A few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills always drive the attacks away."

OVER SIX YEARS LATER, Mr. Weyant said: "I still have a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills. I use them occasionally when I feel in need of a kidney medicine and they soon make me well."

60c. at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

HOW TO FIGHT SPANISH INFLUENZA

BY DR. L. W. BOWERS.

Avoid crowds, coughs and cowers, but fear neither germs nor Germans! Keep the system in good order, take plenty of exercise in the fresh air and practice cleanliness. Remember a clean mouth, a clean skin, and clean bowels are a protecting armour against disease. To keep the liver and bowels regular and to carry away the poisons within, it is best to take a vegetable pill every other day, made up of May-apple, aloes, jalap, and sugar-coated, to be had at most drug stores, known as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. If there is a sudden onset of what appears like a hard cold, one should go to bed, wrap warm, take a hot mustard foot-bath and drink copiously of hot lemonade. If pain develops in head or back, ask the druggist for Anuric (anti-uric) tablets. These will flush the bladder and kidneys and carry off poisonous germs. To control the pains and aches take one Anuric tablet every two hours, with frequent drinks of lemonade. The pneumonia appears in a most treacherous way, when the influenza victim is apparently recovering and anxious to leave his bed. In recovering from a bad attack of influenza or pneumonia the system should be built up with a good herbal tonic, such as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, made without alcohol from the roots and barks of American forest trees, or his Iron Tonic (iron tonic) tablets, which can be obtained at most drug stores, or send 10c. to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for trial package.

Charles Colvin, son of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Colvin died at the hospital in Cumberland on last Friday after an unsuccessful operation. He was brought to the home of his father from which place the funeral services were held on Monday morning. He is survived by his wife and one daughter and father and mother. A little son preceded him about three weeks ago. He was in his 28th year. Rev. Gilbert of the Lutheran church conducted the services.

We had quite a big celebration here over the false report of the war last Thursday night, but will have a bigger one tonight over the true one. Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Jamison, Miss Marie and Mr. Frank Long of Pittsburgh attended the funeral of Chas. Colvin on Monday. Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Van Ormer celebrated the 50th Anniversary of their marriage on Monday. They were serenaded by the band in the evening. John Slack and family spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Slacks parents Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Barley of near Cessna. Our schools are preparing a special program for Thanksgiving Day. Keep Out the Dust. Have window shades that will run up and down over your pantry shelves and a lot of dust will be saved.

SCHILLSBURG

John Fletcher, of Bedford spent Wednesday night and Thursday at his old home. The stork visited Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Morris Friday night and left them a baby boy. Herman, Royal and Carl Barkman and George Ash caught a poor little fox last Saturday on Raccoon Ridge. This is the second one of these the hunters caught.

WOLFSBURG

Miss Flora Bechoer from Everett is visiting at D. F. Smiths. Mrs. A. B. Harper, Mrs. Frank Ickes, Mrs. Harve Amick, Mrs. Harry Shaffer and three children and Herschel Herschberger are ill with influenza.

Percy Middleton and wife from Bedford spent Friday at D. W. Wolfs. Mrs. Amos Diehl spent Thursday at the home of her brother W. H. Wolf in Bedford.

John Kennedy from Boswell spent Saturday with friends in this place. John Wolf from Ellerslie Md. spent Saturday among friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Clair from Claysburg, and Misses Effie and Zella Berkheimer from Queen visited at the home of Amos Diehl on Sunday.

There was no school in the advanced room this week because of Prof. E. A. Herschbergers son having the influenza.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Weimer were guests last week at the home of D. C. Barkman.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Ritchey and daughter Velma and Murray Bennett motored to Andy Warehams in Snake Spring Valley Sunday.

Tom Clark was seen on the streets of Chaneyville Sunday evening.

Albert Morris was a business visitor in Everett on Saturday.

There was no school in the advanced room this week because of Prof. E. A. Herschbergers son having the influenza.

ROUND KNOB

The farmers are all about done husking, their corn and are putting their fodder away.

Frank Tenley is busily engaged delivering timber to the Schipper mines.

Irvin Hockenberry died on Saturday morning from pneumonia. He had the influenza and turned to pneumonia. He was photographer for years in our locality. He was a quiet good natured young man and will be badly missed in our neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry, who had been suffering with the influenza are some better.

Butchering seems to be the order of the day. Frank Mellett and Reuben Thomas killed some very fine hogs. Raymond Figard seems to be the leading butcherer of large porkers.

Mrs. Wade H. Figard visited at the home of her sister in law Mrs. John Smith of Coaldale on Saturday evening.

Mrs. Wilbert E. Barton of Round Knob visited at the home of her brother Cal Foster of Coaldale on last Tuesday.

Those who visited at the home of Wade H. Figard on Sunday were: Mr. and Mrs. John Mosbey and son Clarence, Ben Black and daughter of Broad Top city, Frank Winter and wife, Albert S. Figard and son John John Hockensmith, John Hawkins, Reuben Thomas and Calvin Foster.

The stork visited at the home of Calvin Foster and left there a big soldier boy. Cal is wearing some smile now it takes both sides of the side-walk for him.

Mrs. Raymond Figard and Mrs. Silas Thomas visited at the home of Reuben Thomas on Tuesday.

Mrs. Norman Poor visited her sister Mrs. Chester Dixon on last Thursday.

Roy Figard and wife of Finleyville visited at the home of his sister Mrs. Mike Goworty on Sunday.

INGLESMTIH

Mr. and Mrs. John Shipway and five children are seriously ill with the influenza at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Norris who have been visiting home folks have returned to their home in Pittsburgh. Mrs. Alfred Jones visited her Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Goodrich and child are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Clingerman at present.

Mr. and Mrs. William Potts and daughter Rhea visited John Lawhead and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Clingerman and children, Mabel and Homer visited Silas Bennett and family Sunday.

Misses Mary and Edith Breakall spent Saturday and Sunday with their grandmother Mrs. Savannah Smith.

Mr. John Koontz and family who have the influenza are slowly improving.

Mr. Coy Jay made a business trip to Everett Saturday.

Misses Edna Clingerman and June Jay and Mr. Lewis Koontz visited their friend Miss Ora Whitfield Sunday.

Mr. John Weicht has his new home about completed.

Ancients Played Ball.

Baseball "fans" will be interested to know that Egypt is the birthplace of the original ball game. How it was played history does not record. Recent excavations made near Cairo have brought to light a number of small balls, some of leather and others of wood, dating back to at least 2000 B. C. These are the oldest balls of this sort known.

Natural Question.

Allen, heard his mother complain about the great number of lady bugs everywhere in the house. He watched them for a long time, then asked, "You call them 'she', aren't there any gentlemen lady bugs?"

The Only Time.

"Some people," observed Colonel Beaufield, "never stay at home except on election day, and then they order the thing."—St. Louis Globe.

POULTRY FACTS

GOOD HANDLING SAVES EGGS

Big Loss Can Be Prevented If Producer and Country Merchant Take Precautions.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Not long ago four men worked half a day grading "current receipts" of eggs as they were received at a city market. They candled out one hundred dollars worth of rots, spots, and incubated eggs. This loss could so easily have been prevented if only the producer and the country merchant had handled the eggs promptly.

The hen lays a fresh egg the consumer demands a fresh egg. Eggs are a highly perishable product, and gradually deteriorate with age. Heat is their enemy; cold is their friend. The shorter the time and the more direct their route from nest to packing house, the smaller the opportunity for loss.

The proper handling of eggs is not a one-man job. Many people are concerned in it. Their interests are common, and mutual understanding and co-operation between them benefit all alike.

The farmer's part in the general scheme of good marketing is to bring good eggs to market. To accomplish this, he should market his eggs frequently, not let them accumulate.

The dealer's job is to keep the eggs good. His slogan should be "ship promptly and properly." The sooner an egg is put under refrigeration and started for the market, the better its quality when it reaches its final destination, and the higher its value.

KEEPING CHICKENS IN TOWN

One of Best Ways for Loyal American to Help Win War Is to Raise Hens in Back Yard.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Every true American is asking, "How can I best do my part to help win the war?" One of the means to this end is to set the back yard to work. Those who have suitable land are cultivating vegetable gardens to help increase the food supply. There are, however, many back yards not suitable for the making of a garden which may be profitably utilized for back yard poultry keeping. In every household, no matter how economical the housewife, there is a certain amount of table scraps and kitchen waste which has feeding value, but which, if not fed, finds its way into the garbage pail. Poultry is the only class of domestic animals which is suitable for converting this waste material, right where it is produced in the city, into wholesome and nutritious food in the form of eggs and poultry meat. A small number of chickens can be kept in almost any back yard.

If poultry houses are not available, hens can be housed at small expense in

more than one-half of the sheep are found mostly on ranges. The fine-wool sheep are 45 per cent of all sheep in that group of states, a loss of 7 in the percentage in ten years; the crossbred sheep are 22 per cent, a loss of 2 1/2; and these losses have gone to the mutton sheep, which are 32 per cent of all sheep, a gain of nearly ten in the same number of years.

The greatest advance in this movement has been made in the North Atlantic states, in which farmers' markets are near and the people have an active taste for mutton and lamb. In these states 62 per cent of the sheep are of the mutton bloods, a gain of 20 in the percentage in ten years; only 17 per cent are fine-wool sheep, a loss of 17; and 21 per cent are crossbreds, a loss of 3.

The least change in percentages has occurred in the South Atlantic states, where the mutton sheep were formerly a high fraction and are now 68 per cent of all sheep in that region, a gain of 2 1/2 in ten years; the crossbreds are 24 per cent, or about the same as ten years ago, while in all other groups of states they have relatively diminished; and the fine-wool sheep are only 7 per cent, a loss of nearly 3 during the period.

At the present time the South Atlantic states have the lowest fraction of fine-wool sheep, 7 per cent, and the North Atlantic states are next with 17 per cent; the highest fraction, 46 per cent, is in the Western and Pacific group, and next below are the South Central states with 30 per cent.

Mutton sheep are as high as 68 per cent of the sheep in the South Atlantic and West North Central states, and as low as 32 per cent in the Western and Pacific states, and 44 per cent in the South Central.

Ohio is by far the leading sheep state outside of the Western and Pacific group, and has 3,000,000 sheep, about one-half of which are now mutton bloods, while ten years ago the fraction was nearly two-fifths.

CURE SCRATCHES IN HORSES

Trouble Is Caused by Mud, Wet or Filth—Clean Affected Part and Apply Poultice.

Scratches in horses are caused by mud, wet or filth. Clean the affected part, clip the hair close to the skin and put on a bread and milk poultice for 12 hours. A second poultice applied for another 12 hours will do no harm. Then wash the skin, wipe it dry and remove all scabs. Paint the cracks with tincture of iodine for three days, then discontinue and use the vaseline. Do not wet the part if avoidable. Keep the stable clean and dry and apply vaseline to the scratches twice a day when the animal is worked.

Top Price for Lambs.

Packers will not pay the top price for lambs, no matter how fat, if they weigh over 50 pounds. The reason is because the best cuts of meat can be obtained from the smaller carcasses.

FARM STOCK

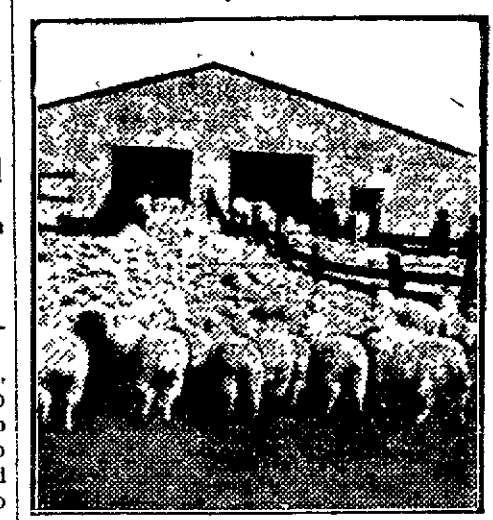
INCREASE OF MUTTON SHEEP

Take Lead Held by Fine Wool Animals Ten Years Ago—Ohio Is Now Leading State.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Sheep raising primarily for mutton production and secondarily for wool is steadily advancing in this country. At the present time 45 per cent of the sheep belong to those of the mutton blood, 35 per cent to those of fine wool, and 20 per cent to the crossbreds. Ten years ago the mutton sheep were 35 per cent of all sheep, fine-wool sheep 41 per cent, and crossbreds 24 per cent, and consequently, during this period one-tenth of the national flock has changed from wool to mutton as the chief purpose. While mutton sheep have thus increased their percentage of all sheep by 10 during as many years, fine-wool sheep have lost 6 1/2 from this percentage and the crossbreds 3 1/2.

This revolution of recent years in the sheep industry, which is now presumably continuing, is largely characterized in the national average by the Western and Pacific states, in which



Sheep Entering Sweating Pens of Bitter Creek Shearing Shed, Bitter Creek, Mont.

more than one-half of the sheep are found mostly on ranges. The fine-wool sheep are 45 per cent of all sheep in that group of states, a loss of 7 in the percentage in ten years; the crossbred sheep are 22 per cent, a loss of 2 1/2; and these losses have gone to the mutton sheep, which are 32 per cent of all sheep, a gain of nearly ten in the same number of years.

The greatest advance in this movement has been made in the North Atlantic states, in which farmers' markets are near and the people have an active taste for mutton and lamb. In these states 62 per cent of the sheep are of the mutton bloods, a gain of 20 in the percentage in ten years; only 17 per cent are fine-wool sheep, a loss of 17; and 21 per cent are crossbreds, a loss of 3.

The least change in percentages has occurred in the South Atlantic states, where the mutton sheep were formerly a high fraction and are now 68 per cent of all sheep in that region, a gain of 2 1/2 in ten years; the crossbreds are 24 per cent, or about the same as ten years ago, while in all other groups of states they have relatively diminished; and the fine-wool sheep are only 7 per cent, a loss of nearly 3 during the period.

At the present time the South Atlantic states have the lowest fraction of fine-wool sheep, 7 per cent, and the North Atlantic states are next with 17 per cent; the highest fraction, 46 per cent, is in the Western and Pacific group, and next below are the South Central states with 30 per cent.

Mutton sheep are as high as 68 per cent of the sheep in the South Atlantic and West North Central states, and as low as 32 per cent in the Western and Pacific states, and 44 per cent in the South Central.

Ohio is by far the leading sheep state outside of the Western and Pacific group, and has 3,000,000 sheep, about one-half of which are now mutton bloods, while ten years ago the fraction was nearly two-fifths.

CURE SCRATCHES IN HORSES

Trouble Is Caused by Mud, Wet or Filth—Clean Affected Part and Apply Poultice.

Scratches in horses are caused by mud, wet or filth. Clean the affected part, clip the hair close to the skin and put on a bread and milk poultice for 12 hours. A second poultice applied for another 12 hours will do no harm. Then wash the skin, wipe it dry and remove all scabs. Paint the cracks with tincture of iodine for three days, then discontinue and use the vaseline. Do not wet the part if avoidable. Keep the stable clean and dry and apply vaseline to the scratches twice a day when the animal is worked.

Top Price for Lambs.

Packers will not pay the top price for lambs, no matter how fat, if they weigh over 50 pounds. The reason is because the best cuts of meat can be obtained from the smaller carcasses.

Wanted, For Sale, Rent, Etc.,

RATES—One cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents.

Men Wanted—Laborers, Carpenter Helpers, Mechanic Helpers, Firemen, Trackmen, Stock Unloaders, Coke Oven Men and other help. Good wages at steady employment. Apply to Colonial Iron Co., Riddlesburg, Pa. April 28, 11.

WM. COOK & SONS

say we are pleased to state we can offer RAT SNAP is without doubt the finest rat and mouse exterminator we have ever used. It does all you claim and more too. Four sizes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$3.00.

Sold by Metzgar Hardware Co.

WANTED—TO work a good farm for share. Can give references. Address Farmer, Gazette Office.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills. They are the best and most reliable. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. **DIAMOND BRAND PILLS**, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. **SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE**

FOR SALE—Two good brood sows and thirty pigs. One good mare, seven years old, weight 1500 lbs. 100,000 feet of saw timber.

Write or call

George Ash, Clearville, Rt. 1 Oct. 25 21

FOR RENT—Eight room house. Steam heat and bath. Richard St. Possession Nov. 1st. Apply Myrtle A. Fisher 204 Allegheny St. Cumberland Md.

FOR SALE—Having to move in to a smaller stable must reduce stock. If you want anything in the line of single or double driving harness, work harness, farming utensils two horse wagons, buggies, surries, spring wagons, horses or Ford cars you will find bargains at Stivers' Stables.
Oct. 11, 4th.

WANTED—Sales Man or Lady to take up an established Tea and Coffee route at Bedford and vicinity. A good proposition to the right party. Address at once

Grand Union Tea Co.

11—N.—Mechanic St. Cumberland Md.

Oct. 11, 31

The METZGER HARDWARE CO. has just received a shipment of Majestic ranges—also a full line of heating stoves. Call in and look over their line before purchasing elsewhere.

FOR SALE—Reg. Jersey Bull One month old. 'Tormentor' breeding Pine low. Miller farms, Everett, Pa. Nov. 15, 11

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.
All hunters are hereby notified that they are forbidden by me to hunt on my land and any one caught doing so will be dealt with according to law.

Adam F. Diehl, Bedford, Rt. 2.

ESTRAY NOTICE

A red spotted calf about eight months old came to my premises about three months ago. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for keeping and advertising. Duncan Cessna, Cumberland Valley. Nov. 15, 31.

WE BUY

OLD FALSE TEETH

We pay from \$2.00 to \$35.00 per set (broken or not). We also pay actual value for diamonds, old Gold, Silver and Bridge work. Send at once by parcel post and receive cash by return mail. Will return your goods if our price is unsatisfactory. Mazer's Tooth Specialty, Philadelphia Dept. X, 2007 So. 5th St. 10-4-11.

WANTED—Institute boarders. Heated rooms and bath. Apply 245 East Pitt Street.
Nov. 15, 21.

Nov. 1, * 11
FOR SALE—Three 6 foot show cases see John R. Dull, Bedford, Pa.

Nov. 3, 21

Monkey's Valuable Discovery.
A literary discovery has just been made at the monastery of Mekitarista. In the island of St. Lazarus, at Venice. A pet monkey had climbed to the top of a bookcase, where it seized hold of a bundle of papers, and breaking the string, showered down a number of letters, the ink of which had become yellow with age. They proved to be a long correspondence between Lord Byron and the monks of St. Lazarus, with whom he had once resided.

What Do You Think Is My Share?

By BRUCE BARTON

He is a conscientious gentleman, who honestly wants to do right. And he came to me shaking his head.

"I want to do my full part in this United War Work Campaign," he said. "Do you think a hundred dollars is my share?"

And I told him that it would be hard for anyone but himself to decide. "There are so many different ways of looking at money," I said.

A hundred and seventy millions looks big at first glance. It is forty times what Jefferson gave for the Louisiana territory.

It's a dollar and seventy cents for every man, woman and child in the land; it's more than eight dollars and a half for every household.

"You can figure it on that basis," I told him. "On the basis of dollars and cents. Or you can figure it on the basis of boys."

"Of boys?" he questioned. "I do not understand."

It's less than fifteen cents a day for each of our soldiers and sailors," I answered. "Fifteen cents a day to give them warmth and comfort and entertainment, and lectures, and games, and the thought of mother and of God."

"Fifteen cents a day for a boy: two for a quarter a day. How many boys will you take?"

And his eyes kindled. "I think I could take ten at least," he said. He drew his check book out.

"Figure it out and tell me the price," he said. "I want you to give them the best you've got. What is it going to cost?"

"For ten boys, for a year, at two for a quarter a day."

So I figured it out for him: suppose you figure it out for yourself.

Contributed By

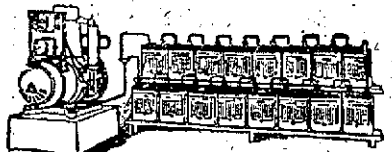
JOHN R. DULL, Druggist
BEDFORD, PENNSYLVANIA

That very good Pepper Pop-I got at Heckerman's Drug Store, it beats the band.

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Now is the time to instal a DELCO-LIGHTING SYSTEM before the long winter evenings. Makes the farm a better and more desirable place to live and to work.



Sold by
E. F. OVER,
Bedford, Pa.



VICTORY GIRLS! VICTORY BOYS!

Girls and Boys of Bedford under the "Earn and Give" division of the United War Work Campaign are to aid in the drive for funds which is in progress throughout the United States this week.

To become a member of the Victory Band each girl and boy must sign a card pledging \$5 which amount is to be earned by, not given to, the boy or girl, and is to be paid by March first.

The High School has been divided into teams which are working hard to secure pledges.

Girls and Boys there are many ways by which you can earn \$5 before March first. Mothers and fathers, make your wants known to Miss Hazel Barnett, captain or to any member of the High School and some one will be furnished by our employment bureau to care for your fires, clean your walks, carry your water, care for your children, or run errands.

Every boy and girl by earning \$5 during the next three months will be working for our soldier and sailor boys; will "keep 'em smiling" until they all come home.

Apothecaries of Old.

In Biblical times a person whose business it was to compound ointments was called an "apothecary" (Nehemiah 3:8; Ecclesiastes 10:1). The work was sometimes carried on by women "confectionaries." (I Samuel 8:13).

THE CANTEEN

The following donations have been kindly given to the Canteen. Mrs. Corle Smith \$10.00, Miss Minnie Powell \$5.00, Mrs. John Roberts one gal. applebutter, and two bushel apples. Mrs. Chas. Hunt, apples and jelly. Mrs. Isaac Bingham stationary, Julian Gill, a jar of peaches. A number of our town people have been very kind and thoughtful in sending jellies, beets and pickles. These are very much appreciated and can not get too many as it means a lot to the boys as they go on their way. So let our people remember to often stop with a jar or two. A number of knitted articles have been given the boys as they pass through when seen they are sorely in need. The Bedford County Telephone Co. have kindly placed a telephone in the Canteen. There has been a number of sick soldiers cared for, have been given care and attention and comfort that they need. There has been a Junior Red Cross organized in our town. Its fine for the children to have this spirit and training in Aid work.

Please note the change in the time of the regular monthly meeting. It will be held Thursday 21st instead of the 28th.

FESTIVAL FOR NAVY LEAGUE.

The ladies of the Osterburg and St. Clairsville Navy League will hold a festival in the Band Hall Saturday evening November 23 at which time a quilt will be chanced off for the benefit of the boys over there, who are so nobly sacrificing their lives for us. Ice cream, Cake, Candy and Coffee will be the menu for the evening. Also various amusements such as Grabbage and Fish Ponds. Come everybody. This is a worthy cause and lend a helping hand to put some money in the treasury for the buying of supplies.

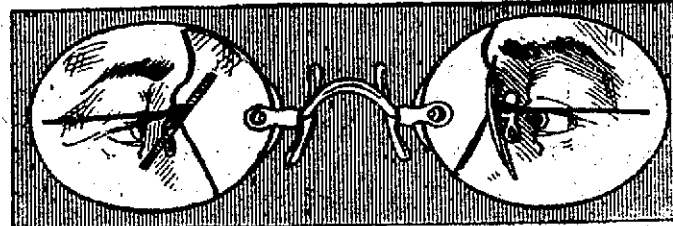
By order of Committee.

What Do You Think of That?

There is an aspect of spider and fly relation which fabulists and naturalists alike have overlooked. An observer has brought the microscope to bear on many house flies and finds that the parasite upon that hateful insect is often an immature spider. Too weak yet to spin its web it makes the fly its winged prey, and courses from place to place at the will of its captive: either until Pegasus perishes naturally or presumably until the spider has grown up and is able to make a meal of his charger.

Putting It Strongly.

Eddie was thoughtful of others. One day at lunch there was a pudding of which he was fond. He had one serving and saw there was enough for another, but he was afraid some one else might want it. After asking each one individually and finding no one wanted it, he swept all with a glance, saying "Wouldn't you eat it if I was dead?"



SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

GOHL, RINKENBACH AND ROUSE, the well known Eyesight Specialists of 22 North Fourth Street, Harrisburg, Penna., are opening the following Permanent Branch Offices, and will make Regular Monthly Trips to these Towns.

WE WILL BE AT THE FOLLOWING TOWNS

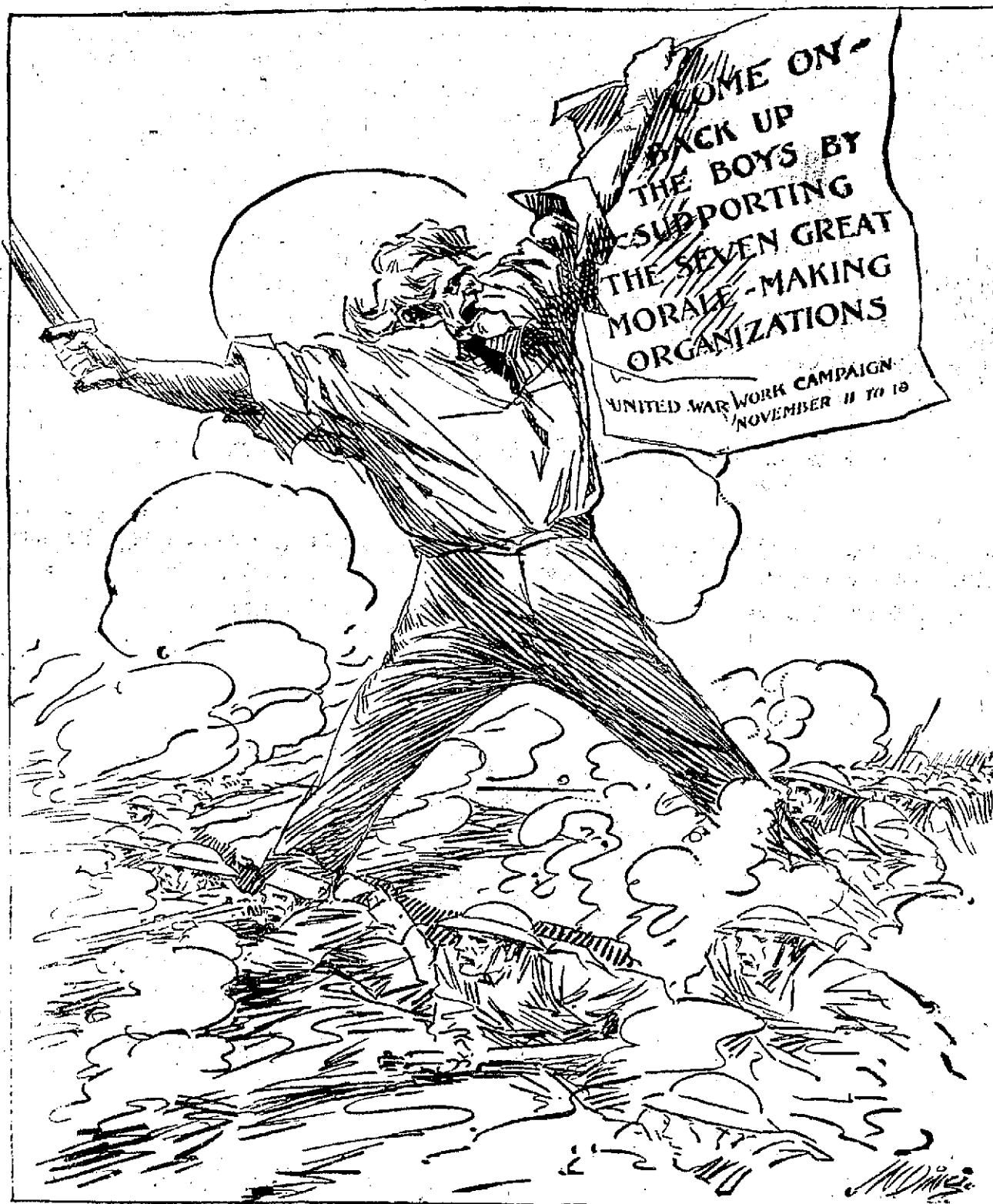
EVERETT-UNION HOTEL--Saturday, November 16th
SAXTON-GRAND VIEW HOTEL--Mon., Nov. 18th
HOPEWELL-HOPEWELL HOUSE--Wed., Nov. 20th
BEDFORD-NATIONAL HOUSE--Tues., Nov. 21th

ARE YOU SATISFIED WITH YOUR GLASSES?

Our Firm offers you the same high grade Service at these Branch Offices as we give at our Home Office. If you need glasses consult us.

8 A. M.
Office Hours to
9 P. M.

Gohl, Rinkenbach and Rouse,
Eyesight Specialists,
22 North Fourth Street,
Harrisburg, Penna.
(Where Glasses are Made Right)



Uncle Sam sends out the call; 3,000,000 boys are waiting for your answer.

Contributed By

BEDFORD COUNTY TRUST COMPANY
BEDFORD, PENNSYLVANIA